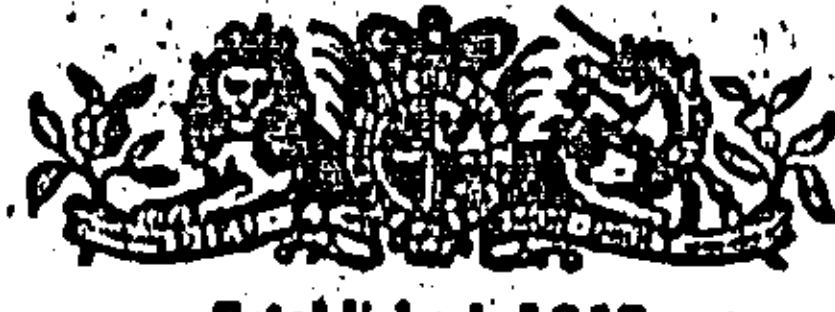


CORRECT on all occasions
VULCAIN
 SWISS MADE

CHINA



MAIL

No. 35510

FRIDAY, MAY 15, 1953.

Price 20 Cents

Today's Weather: Moderate or fresh Easterly winds. Cloudy with occasional light rain.

ORIGINAL-ODINER
 Calculator—Model 107
 Only \$550
HONGKONG TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE
 9, D'Aguilar St. Tel. 21433.

COMMENT OF THE DAY

Absurd Distortions

THE theatrical endeavours by Senators Knowland and McCarthy to convince the world of a feeling of righteous indignation over the speeches of Sir Winston Churchill and Mr. Attlee in the House of Commons foreign affairs debate will deceive no clear-thinking person. To suggest that either the British Prime Minister or the Opposition leader was advocating a policy of appeasement in Korea or obedience to Communism is utter nonsense. Such distortions are, regrettably, only too typical of Messrs. Knowland and McCarthy. From them have come similar exaggerations about British trading with China. They are propagandists with chips on their shoulders; unfortunately, because of the eminent positions they occupy in American political life, they receive wide publicity with the consequent danger of their utterances being accepted as representative of American public opinion. Their misinterpretation of the Churchill and Attlee speeches is as unjust to their own intelligence as it is unfair to the British statesmen. Throughout, Churchill and Attlee stressed the need and desire for world peace and a better understanding between the nations. But there was neither a declaration nor a suggestion to the effect that this should be accomplished at the expense of principles. Moreover, in giving voice to their views and proposals, Sir Winston and Mr. Attlee were speaking for virtually the whole of Britain and the Commonwealth. It is a point which critics should bear in mind.

IN their violent dislike for any ideas and policy proposals which differ in any respect from their own immutable conceptions of how world problems should be tackled, Senators Knowland and McCarthy are apt to lose sight of the fact that other nations, such as Britain, are sincerely trying to find the right way for the establishment of world peace. Furthermore, that Britain is shouldering a considerable responsibility in protecting the free-world from Communist expansion in areas other than Korea; that in Korea itself Britain and the Commonwealth were among the first to join their American allies in the fighting line; that they have, without qualification, subscribed to the principles laid down by the United Nations for bringing the Korean war to an end. There is no appeasement in Britain's policy for dealing with Communism, and for anyone to suggest otherwise is merely distorting what is actually a realistic approach to complex problems. Happily the opinions of Messrs. Knowland and McCarthy are not those of the great majority of the American people; nor are we confident of the present Republican Administration.

Settlement By Negotiation, Or Decree Will Follow

Paris, May 14. The Secretary of State for the Merchant Navy, M. Jules Ramarony, tonight announced a "final attempt" to settle the fortnight-old strike of ship officers, failing which the French government would fix their leave by decree. The officers are striking for a 40-hour week and more leave, and the proposed government action would leave the present 48-hour week untouched. Mr. Ramarony made his announcement after a meeting of key Ministers. Staff in about a dozen Paris hotels and restaurants struck today for back payment of food allowances. Managements carried on with reduced staff, but none of the top luxury establishments was seriously affected. —Reuter.

Bomber Crashes: Nine Killed

Sargents, Nebraska, May 14. Nine people were killed today when a B-29 bomber crashed in a field five miles southwest of here, police reported. —Reuter.

Egyptian And British Forces Exchange Fire

INCIDENT AT CANAL ZONE VILLAGE

Cairo, May 14. A British spokesman said here tonight that Egyptians and British forces had exchanged fire at Kafr Abdou village in the Suez Canal Zone. "Some Egyptians opened fire on a British military filtration plant and fire was returned" he said. "So far as is known there were no casualties." The incident was reported first by the Egyptian authorities. They said British troops in the tense Canal Zone had fired on the village after hearing the boom of the guns announcing the opening of the Moslem fasting month. The Egyptians said firing continued for several hours until early today.

Dulles Drives Into Jordan

Jerusalem, May 14. The American Secretary of State, Mr. John Foster Dulles today drove through Jerusalem's war-scarred suburbs into Jordan for the third part of call on his fact-finding tour of fifteen Middle East and Asian nations.

To one side of the border stood Israel's steel-helmeted soldiers and blue-coated policemen; to the other the khaki-clad men of Jordan's Arab legion in spiked helmets or flowing Arab headgear. Before leaving Israel Mr. Dulles issued a statement in which he said he had been impressed by the goodwill shown him. Mr. Dulles added: "We came primarily to listen and to observe. We brought with us no ready-made solution to the serious problems of this area. But we hope that through the talks which we have begun in Cairo, have continued here and shall continue in other countries we shall obtain a better understanding of these problems and that we may help in improving the climate for peace and security in the Middle East."

NOTE OF PRAISE

The statement ended on a note of praise: "We congratulate the people of Israel upon the progress made during the first five years of the new state and wish them success in meeting the problems which lie ahead." American sources said Mr. Dulles did not expect any speedy solution to two of the main problems raised by the Israeli leaders—the enmity between the Arabs and Israel. The Israeli officials, it was believed, made a bid for arms and military equipment from the United States, assuring their visitors of Israel's ability to defend itself. It was believed that they tried to press Israel's own needs for arms rather than those of the entire Middle East region. —Reuter.

The British spokesman added that the British military authorities had not so far been informed of a reported Egyptian decision that the Supply Ministry in Cairo would have to give permission before food and other supplies go through to British forces in the Canal Zone.

The Egyptian newspapers this afternoon did not make any mention of the incidents in the Suez Canal Zone which were referred to in an official communiqué this morning. They also did not publish the text of the statements made by Lieutenant-Colonel Gamal Abdel Nasser, in reply to the speech of the British Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Selwyn Lloyd on the incidents in the zone during the recent weeks.

The silence of the Egyptian press is interpreted here as due to a wish by the authorities to maintain calm among the population. —Reuter and France-Press.

OFFICIAL DENIAL

Cairo, May 15. The Egyptian government denied early today any move to restrict the Suez Canal Zone to supplies to the British garrison.

A spokesman for the Revolutionary Council said the British garrison would continue to receive its foodstuffs under allocated quotas from authorised contractors. British forces, however, would not be allowed in future to buy in the towns foodstuffs allocated to the civilian population of the Canal zone. —Reuter.

Thorez Bows To Demands

Paris, May 14. Alling French Communist leader Maurice Thorez has bowed to pressure within his Party for a re-examination of the Red case against ex-Communist hero Andre Marty who was ousted during Thorez's stay in Russia, well-informed sources reported.

Marty, 63, hero of the Black Sea mutiny and anti-Franco forces in the Spanish Civil War, was ordered out of the party last November on charges of disloyalty and efforts to sabotage Communist aims. Thorez has ordered a complete review of the affair and it is possible that Marty may be pardoned and reinstated to his high position in the Communist hierarchy next Autumn, the sources said.

They saw Marty's reinstatement as part of the new campaign to restore Party strength. This campaign was believed to be one of the major reasons why the Kremlin sent Thorez home last month. —United Press.

Carpenter Wins \$3,000 Damages

Canberra, May 14. Carpenter, Jan Ragan, a 43-year-old Polish migrant, was awarded \$3,000 damages when he claimed a car accident made him "lose" his personality. Baron was riding a bicycle a year ago when he was hit by a taxi. Judge William Simpson said he was satisfied Baron would suffer permanently from deafness in the right ear, and because of the accident had undergone personality changes. —United Press.



Churchill, Adenauer Secret Talks To Begin Today

London, May 15. Sir Winston Churchill and Dr. Konrad Adenauer, West German Chancellor, will meet here today for important talks on the world situation in the light of Moscow's recent peace moves. Sir Ivone Kirkpatrick, Britain's High Commissioner in Germany and permanent Chief designate of the London Foreign Office, will be the only adviser present at the secret policy discussions.

Taipei Objects To Proposal

Taipei, May 14. The Nationalist Government tonight handed an official note to United States Ambassador Karl Rankin, objecting to a number of points in General Mark Clark's counter proposal on the Panmunjon truce negotiations.

This was the first time that the Nationalist Government went on record officially opposing the United States or United Nations actions in the Korean armistice talks since they started 21 months ago. Political observers believed that the sudden move indicated that the Nationalists would show in future more interest in the Korean truce talks. Although it was not disclosed what points the note objected, it was understood that the Nationalist Government was opposed to the composition of the five-nation neutral commission proposed for handling the prisoner-of-war refusing repatriation. These were Poland, Czechoslovakia, India, Sweden, and Switzerland. The Nationalists feared that this composition might give the Communists a majority on a major issue.

The Nationalists were believed to object also to the proposal to set aside a two-month period during which the unwilling POWs would be persuaded "to go home". The Nationalists regarded this as a modified version of the Communist system of "indoctrination". —France-Press.

Martial Law In Lahore Ends

Lahore, May 14. Seventy days of martial law here ended tonight. Martial law was imposed in March when demonstrations against the Ahmadia sect—a Moslem minority—ended in riots lasting several days. Hundreds of people were killed and much property was damaged by looting and burning. —Reuter.

The Aussies Arrive

Sir Thomas White, Australian High Commissioner, inspected the Australian Army Coronation contingent on HMS Sydney after the ship's arrival at Portsmouth recently.

Vietminhese Rebels 16 Miles From Hanoi

Hanoi, May 14. Vietminh spearheads drove within 16 miles of Hanoi, capital of Tonkin Province, as fighting raged elsewhere in the delta area with the Red bid to capture the rich rice crop.

The French command rushed reinforcements today to various points in the defence sector. An outpost only 16 miles distant from here was overrun last night by the hard-driving rebels.

The French and Vietnamese authorities have decreed special security measures to meet the new threat and prevent the rebels from infiltrating in strength the French defences.

More than 100 rebels were reported killed in a series of clashes when an attempted French patrol column last night engaged strong Vietminh forces on a rampage in the Phaly region 30 miles south of Hanoi. Heavy tanks were called in by a French unit which was ambushed by the rebels some 35 miles southeast of here while trying to smash Communist roadblocks on Colonial Highway No. 17. Eleven rebels were killed.

The French command announced that a passenger train was blown up by the rebels between here and the port of Haiphong yesterday. A command spokesman said this was the first attack against the Haiphong railway in many months.

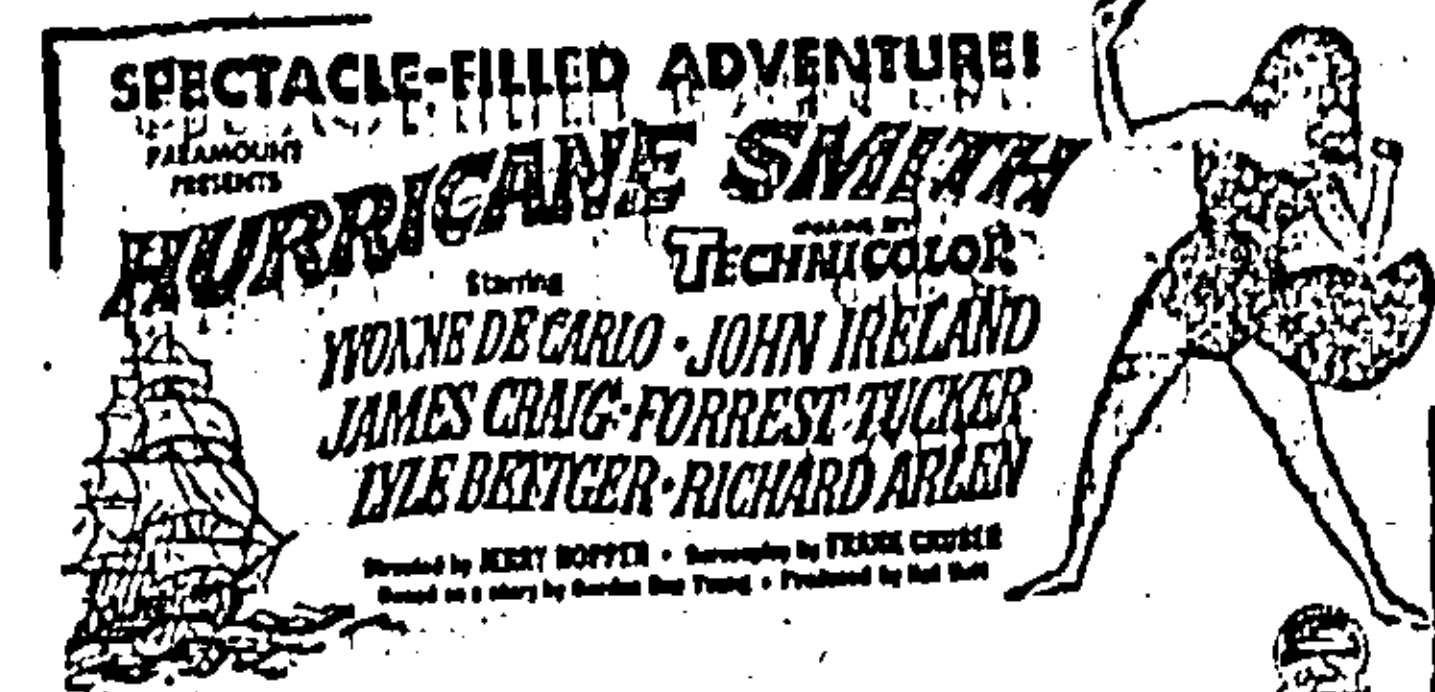
AFTER RICE CROP

He also said the renewed fighting in the Red River estuary was the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos campaign the rebels were reported to have captured the major part of the rice crop, estimated at 8,000,000,000 French francs (US\$21,950,000). Special security precautions were clamped on Hanoi and other towns in the menaced area and road and rail traffic is being carefully screened. Guards on bridges, at airfields, and in the Red River estuary were the result of rebel Generalissimo Vo Nguyen Giap's order to seize the rice crop which has just been harvested. During the Laos

Kings Princess Empire

SHOWING TO-DAY

AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 and 9.30 P.M. AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 and 9.30 P.M. AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 and 9.30 P.M.

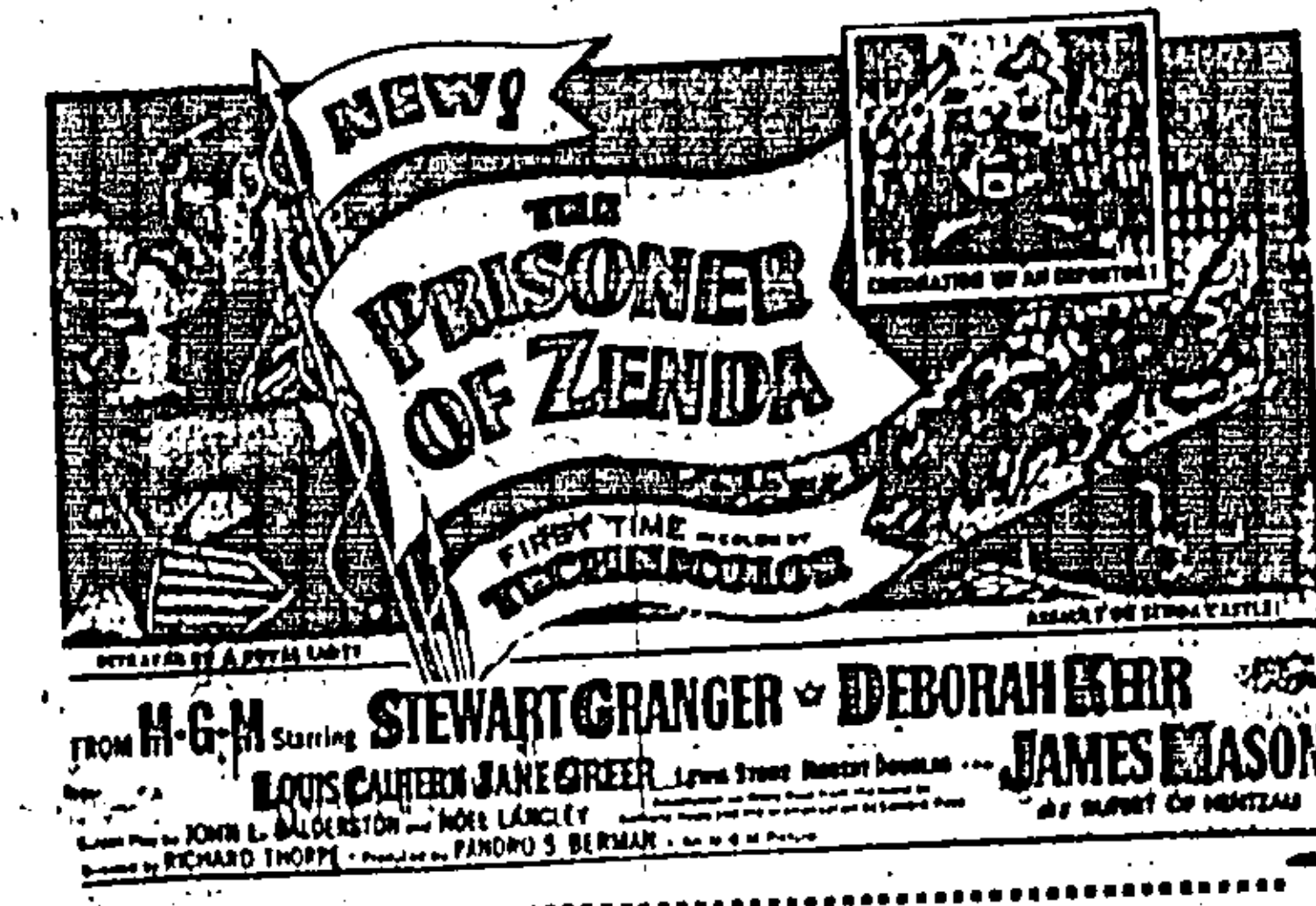


ALSO LATEST PARAMOUNT NEWS
"BLACKPOOL WIN CUP" "DARK STAR WINS THE 79TH KENTUCKY DERBY" "THIRD AND FINAL RELEASES IN SERIES: 'THE ATOM AND YOU' 'RESEARCH IN AGRICULTURE' etc., etc."

TO-DAY ONLY

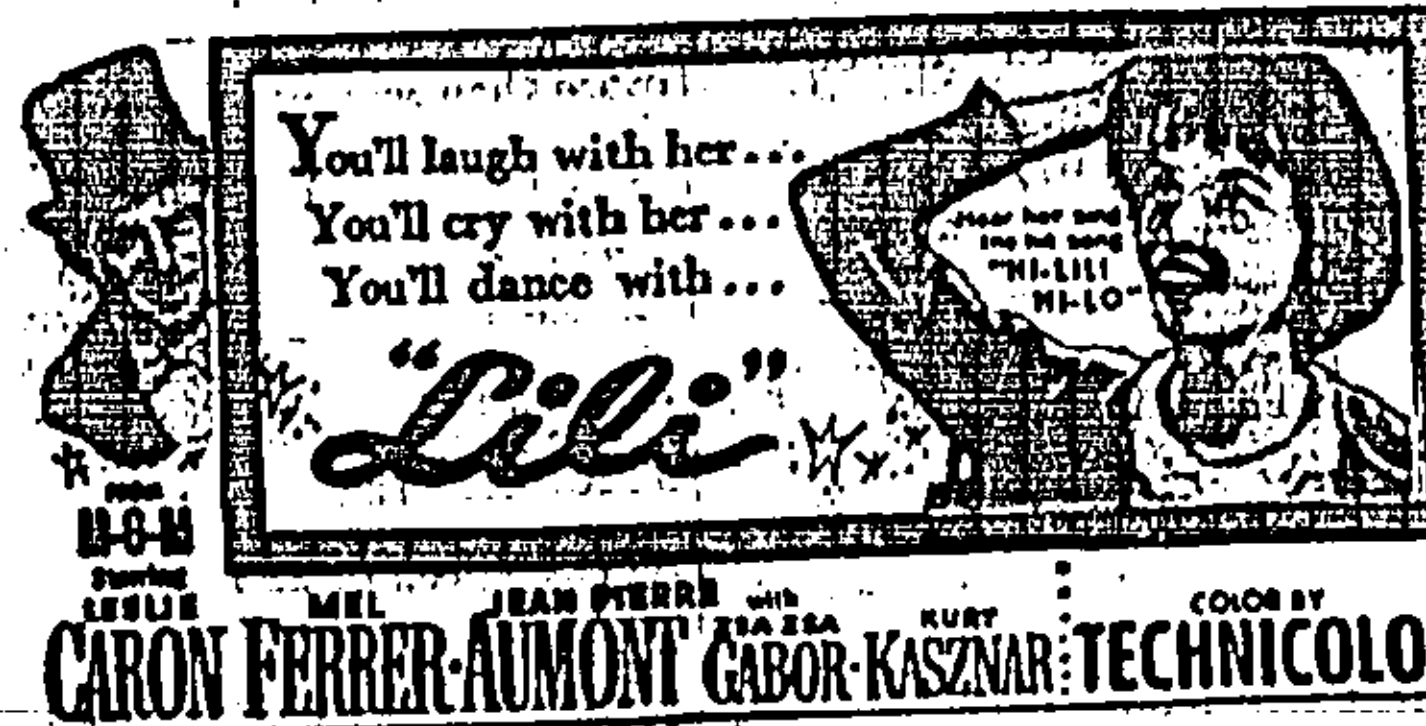
LIBERTY

AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



COMMENCING TO-MORROW

The Special Prize Winner at the Cannes Festival
The Best Charm Interpretation
The Best Amusement Value



BOOKINGS NOW OPEN



Tel. 72436 (Booking Office) Tel. 53500

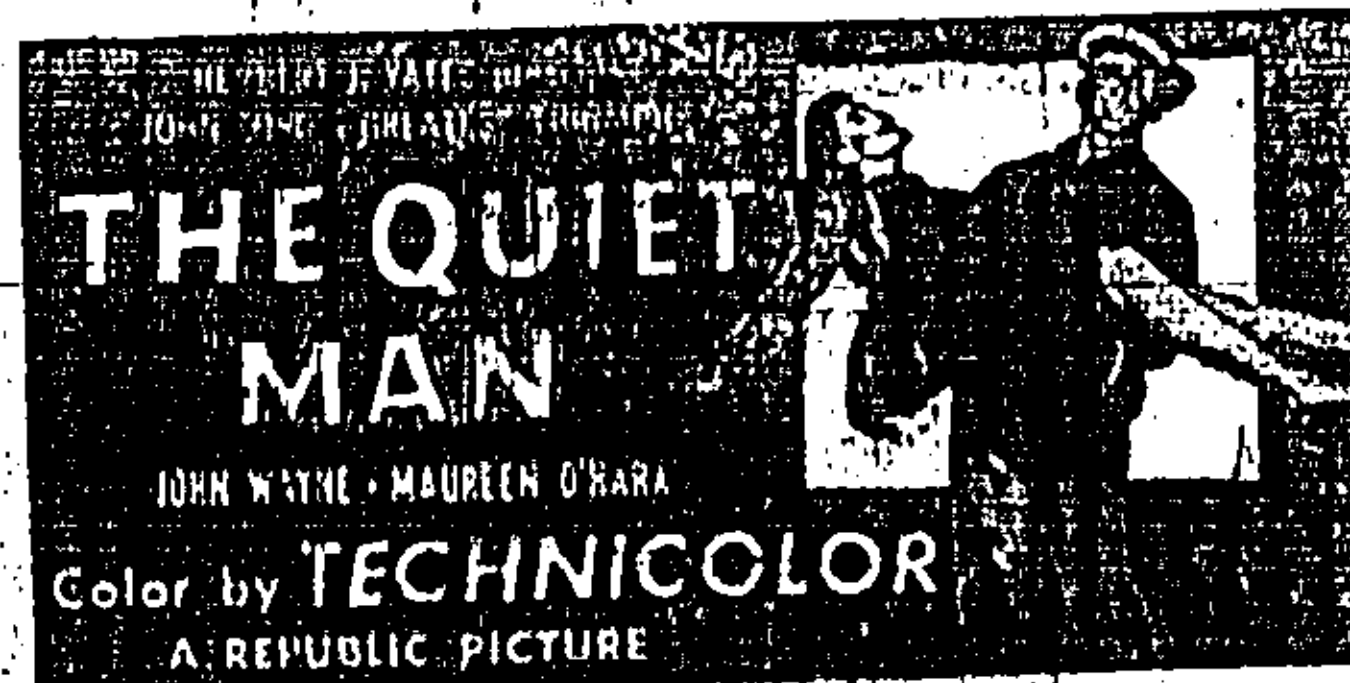
COMMENCING TO-DAY

DAILY AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.40 P.M.

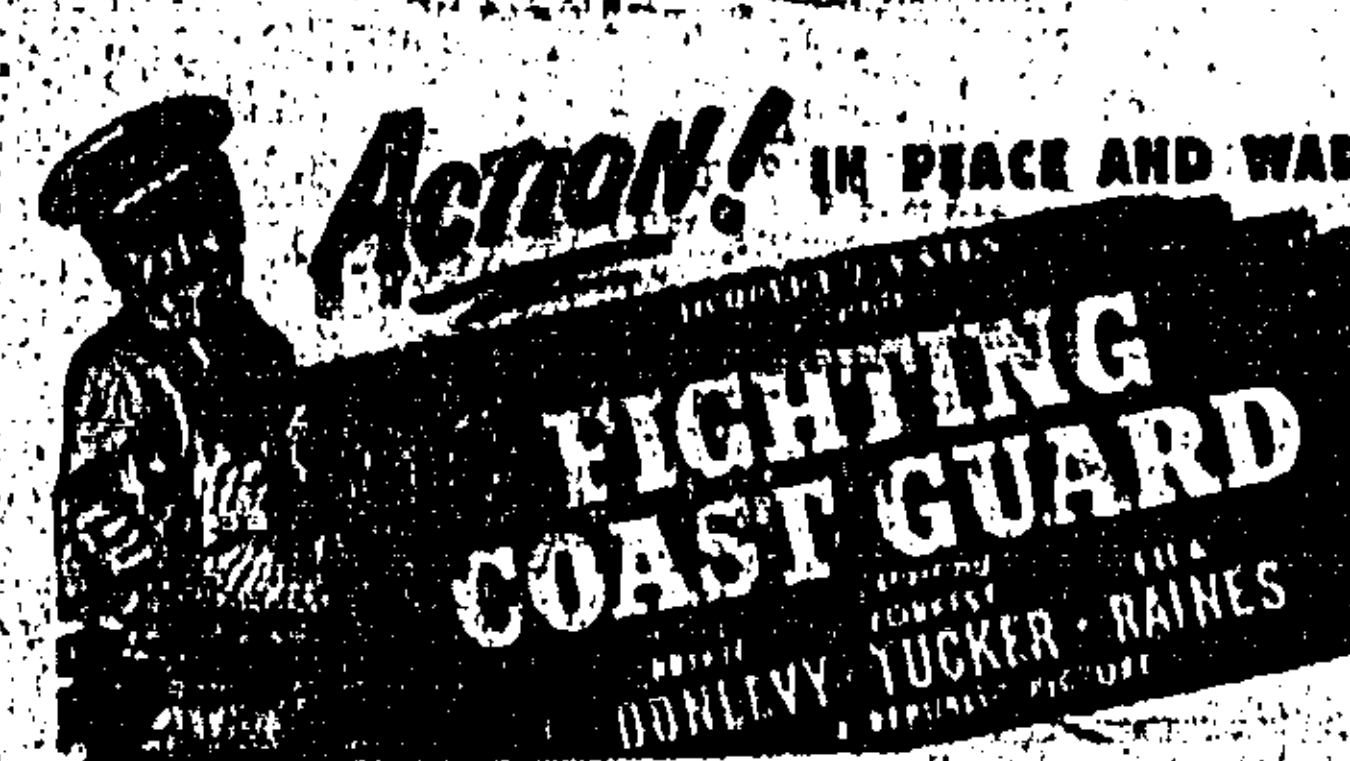
(Please Note Change of Time)

- ★ One of the 10 Best of 1952-1953.
- ★ Awarded at Venice Film Festival.
- ★ Awarded "Oscar" to John Ford holder of 3 "Oscars" for Best Direction.
- ★ Awarded "Oscar" for Best Colour Photography.

FEATURING THE LONGEST FIRST FIGHT IN SCREEN HISTORY!!



TO-DAY ONLY MAJESTIC AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



In His Coronation Robes



The Lord Mayor of London, Sir Rupert de la Bere, pictured in his coronation robes at Mansion House. Sir Rupert holds the Crystal Mace, possibly the City's greatest treasure, which dates back to Saxon times. It appears only twice on ceremonial occasions—annually, when it is handed over to the incoming Lord Mayor, and at the Coronation of the Sovereign.—Reuterphoto.

Coronation Broadcast

London, May 14. Live commentaries on the Coronation ceremonies will be broadcast to 22 countries of the world, the British Broadcasting Corporation announced today. Repeated running commentaries will be broadcast to 100 other countries. The commentaries will be given in 14 languages. At least 1,000 stations all over the world have asked to rebroadcast the programme.—Reuter.

Churchill Visits

Anthony Eden

London, May 14. The Prime Minister, Sir Winston Churchill, today visited his sick Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden, in hospital. Sir Winston Churchill is one of the first visitors Mr Eden has received other than Mrs Eden since his second operation on April 28. On Monday the Prime Minister, who is acting as Foreign Secretary in Mr Eden's absence, told the House of Commons that he hoped to continue to take charge of foreign affairs until Mr Eden's return to work in "several months' time." "Usually well-informed quarters do not expect Mr Eden back at the Foreign Office before October.—Reuter.

Taipei's Version

Taipei, May 14. A 170-page book on Communist-occupied China was put on sale in Taipei today. The volume contains 27 anti-Communist contributions by Government officials and Kuomintang members.—France-Press.

STAR

TO-DAY ONLY AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



10. THE SNAKE OF KILGANNAGH
11. THE SNAKE OF KILGANNAGH
12. THE SNAKE OF KILGANNAGH
13. THE SNAKE OF KILGANNAGH
14. THE SNAKE OF KILGANNAGH
15. THE SNAKE OF KILGANNAGH
16. THE SNAKE OF KILGANNAGH
17. THE SNAKE OF KILGANNAGH
18. THE SNAKE OF KILGANNAGH
19. THE SNAKE OF KILGANNAGH
20. THE SNAKE OF KILGANNAGH

Canadian Dollar Returning To Normal Status?

Ottawa, May 14. There is every indication that the Canadian dollar will soon cease to be quoted at a premium over its American counterpart and that it will return to its more normal status of parity with or slightly under United States funds.

While it is not possible to get an unqualified prediction to this effect from official government sources, bankers and economists are pointing to the trade returns for the first quarter of 1953 and inviting those interested to draw their own conclusions.

For the first three months of this year, exports were nine per cent below the first quarter of 1952 and imports were nine per cent higher, for a net drop of 170,000,000 dollars (about \$57,000,000) in Canada's trading account compared with the previous three months.

The movement of capital, another factor in creating a strong demand for the Canadian dollar in 1952, has been erratic. In January, it was outward, with Canadian purchases of foreign securities exceeding foreign purchases of Canadian securities by \$300,000,000 (about \$1,000,000), a contrast to the heavy movement of foreign capital into Canada which prevailed almost unintermittently last year.

This trend did not continue throughout February, however, and there was a moderate net inflow of \$11,000,000 (about \$3,700,000) due, it is believed, largely to a spectacular market flurry in uranium shares which attracted world-wide attention from investors.

While there is no disposition here to worry about the possibility of the Canadian dollar losing its exalted, if uncustomed, position of a premium over the American dollar, the resolute steady slip to parity is being thoughtfully examined.

SHARP DROP
In the first quarter of the year, exports to the United States increased four per cent compared with the first quarter of 1952. On the other hand, imports were offset by a ten per cent increase in exports from the United States. Exports to the United Kingdom were down 21 per cent while imports were up 40. Exports to the rest of the Commonwealth were down 31 per cent for the quarter while imports fell a like amount.

There was a sharp drop in the balance with all other countries, imports being down three per cent and exports being 25 per cent lower.

Much of last year's strength in the Canadian dollar came from the profitable movement of a tremendous quantity of grain and the export of vast tonnages of basic raw materials for strategic stockpiling.

It is considered here that if the world situation permits the stretching out of rearmament schedules, there may be some further temporary losses in the foreign trade account.

While the situation has caused Government officials to study trade trends carefully, the prospects of a decline in the value of the Canadian dollar

FEW WILL MOURN

The consequent drop in the price of gold as the Canadian dollar climbed cast gloom over the great mining camps of Ontario and Quebec which were beset by a stiff increase in operating costs coupled with lower returns in Canadian funds, for their product.

Newsprint companies whose contracts with American consumers were written in terms of United States funds suffered sharp reductions in income.

The tourist industry had to grapple with the inconvenience of discounting the funds of scores of thousands of American visitors or pocketing a sizable loss. Tourist trade officials declare that even a return to parity where a dollar would be a dollar on either side of the boundary would provide a tremendous flip and make even greater what is already sized up as a record breaking year.

For all exporters, a cheaper dollar would simplify matters by lowering costs in terms of foreign currencies.

At the beginning of the year, the United States dollar was worth 87 Canadian cents. Now it is getting near to 90.

Few will mourn the premium it and when it vanishes.—Reuter.

British Reds' Outburst

London, May 14. The British Communist Party today called for immediate protests from "all fighters for Democracy and opponents of Fascism" at the Bonn Government's move to ban the party in West Germany.

It described the decision to take authority for the ban before the Federal Constitutional Court on June 8 as "yet another step on the road to open Fascist-military dictatorship by the old pro-Nazi militarists."

The Party denounced Dr. Konrad Adenauer's "anti-Democratic measures and war plans" and called on all labour organisations to fight both the threatened ban and "attempts to build a new Nazi army."

Reuter.

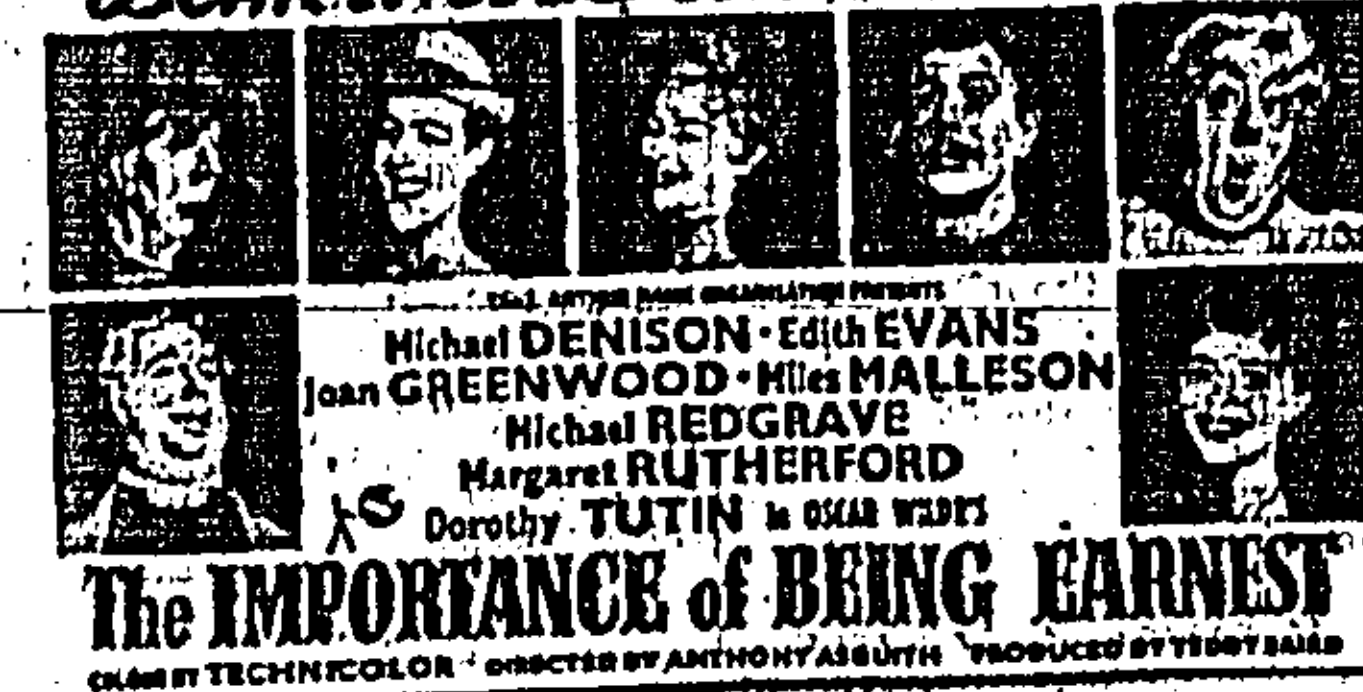
EMPIRE THEATRE

COMMENCING TUESDAY, 19th MAY, 1953.

EXCLUSIVE SHOWING

THIS PICTURE WILL POSITIVELY NOT BE SHOWN ANYWHERE ELSE IN THE COLONY!

OSCAR WILDE'S CLASSIC COMEDY!



BOOKINGS NOW OPEN!

AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M. QUEEN'S ALHAMBRA AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

SHOWING TO-DAY



ORIENTAL

HELD OVER FOR ANOTHER DAY BY REQUEST!

FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY

2.30—5.30—7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

WE ASSURED YOU IT'S A VERY GOOD 3-D FEATURE PICTURE WITH A VERY EXCITING STORY FROM THE BEGINNING TO THE FINISH! PLEASE COME EARLY!



POLAROID VIEWERS

Viewers are required to see this picture, they are on sale at our Box Offices at cost price 80 cents per pair. Viewers can be used for other 3-D films.

Complete 3-D equipment are supplied and installed by Western Co. of Asia.

Commencing To-morrow: Another Good 3-D Film

5 SHOWS DAILY: 12.30—2.30—5.30—7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

"HOUSE OF WAX"

Color by Warner Color • Warner Brothers Picture



ANOTHER GREAT FILM FROM AUSTRALIA

A GREAT STORY! GREAT MUSIC!



BOX & BROADWAY

SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

20th Century-Fox presents

Tonight We Sing!

Technicolor

"Tonight We Sing" starring EZIO PINZA • ROBERTA PETERS

TAMARA TOUNANOVA • ANNE BANCROFT • ISAAC STERN

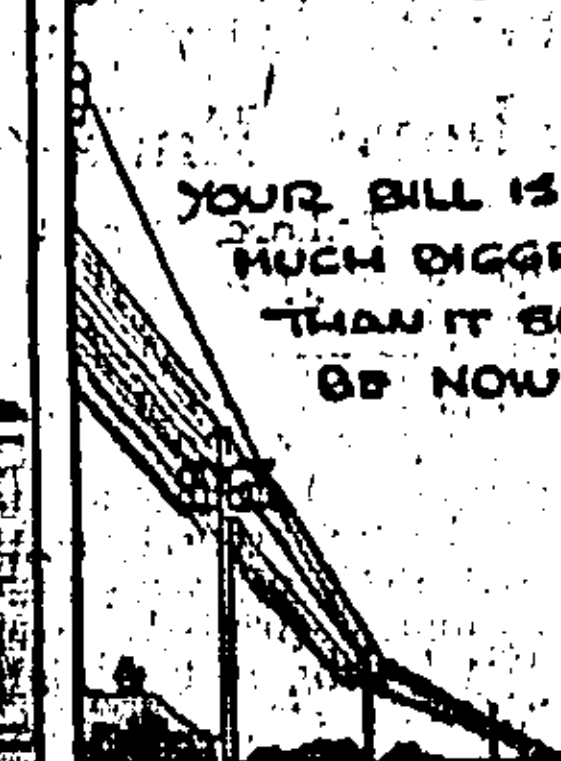
BYRON PALMER • DAVID WAYNE VOICE OF JAN PEACE

Book Early To Avoid Disappointment!

POP



YOUR BILL IS MUCH BIGGER THAN IT SHOULD BE NOW!



KNOW THAT!



CUT IT DOWN TO THE RIGHT SUM AND ILL PAY IT!



CHINESE OPTICAL CO.

SPECIALIST

In

SIGHT-TESTING AND

GLASSES MAKING

(Licensing Office: 67, Queen's Road)

Kowloon Office: 218, Nathan Road

Telephone: 2211, 2212, 2213

Learning To Salute Newspaper Executives



Learning to salute in readiness for the Coronation of King Hussein of Jordan, is Hussein's six-year-old brother, Prince Hassan, as men of the Arab Legion march across Amman Airport. His British nanny, Miss Frances Chessman, and the son of General J. B. Glubb, British Commander of the Arab Legion, are with him. King Hussein took the oath of Kingship on May 2.—Express Photo.

Tribute To Gruenther

Manchester, May 14. The Liberal Manchester Guardian said today that General Alfred Gruenther was the "most obvious choice" to succeed General Matthew Ridgway as Supreme Allied Commander in Europe.

"General Gruenther's reputation has grown with the power of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation which he has served since his appointment as Chief of Staff to the first Supreme Commander, General Eisenhower."

"He has not held an active command in war, but the problems that now face Gruenther are probably better fitted to cope with than anyone else," the Manchester Guardian said.—Reuter.

NO CHANGE IN U.S. STRATEGY

Washington, May 14. President Eisenhower said today his appointment of entirely new Joint Chiefs of Staff did not mean any change in overall strategy.

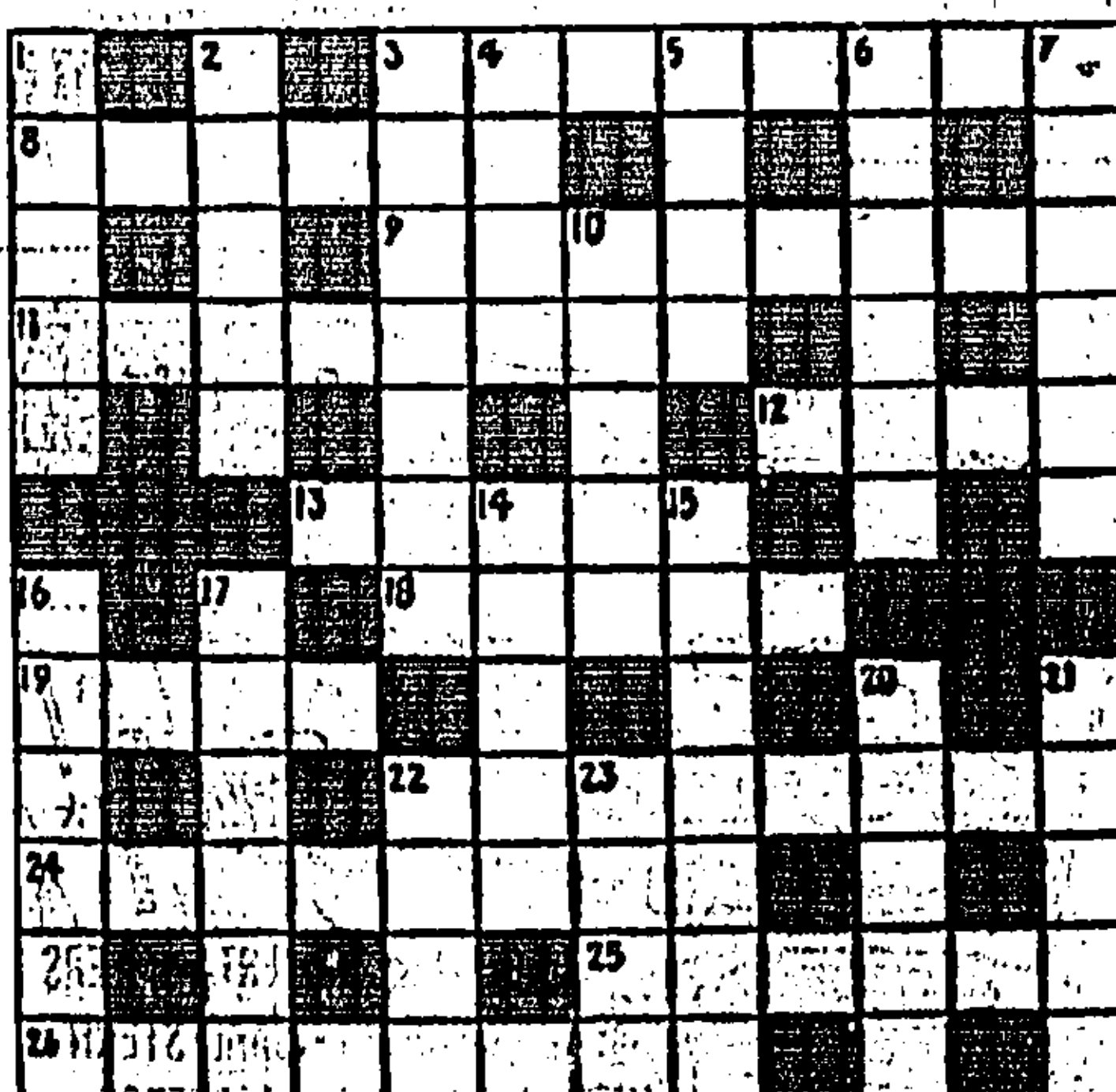
He was replying at a press conference to a question whether it was correct to infer that the creation of the new Joint Chiefs of Staff under the chairmanship of Admiral Arthur Radford, former naval Commander-in-Chief in the Pacific, involved a strategic shift of emphasis from Europe to Asia.

Mr. Eisenhower said he had insisted time and time again that he could see nothing in the argument of Europe versus Asia.

It was no use discussing the great problems of the day without thinking in global terms.

Mr. Eisenhower said there might be times when, for tactical reasons, one had to look in a particular direction, but one must think globally or one was bound to go wrong.—Reuter.

A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS**
- Cowards (6)
 - Bural (6)
 - Horrendous (8)
 - Silt (8)
 - Splendid (4)
 - Caper (5)
 - Trifle (5)
 - Excursion (11)
 - Inclined to (10)
 - Part of a cat (8)
 - Recollect (6)
 - Spotted (8)
- DOWN**
- Scum (4)
 - Apart (5)
 - Precious stone (7)
 - Highest point (4)
 - Experiment (4)
 - Dried fruit (6)
 - Disposed (6)
 - Blinding block (5)
 - Implied (5)
 - Freed from obstruction (7)
 - Begin (6)
 - Comundrum (5)
 - Wanderer (5)
 - Stefles (5)
 - Cloddy (4)
 - Learning (4)

YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD — Across: 3. Umbrella, 7. Ashen, 8. Dissects, 10. Seamen, 13. Experts, 15. Paws, 17. Attires, 18. Terrace, 20. Slay, 21. Testers, 24. Reside, 27. Tiboules, 28. Drags, 29. Eternity. Down: 1. Phase, 2. Cheap, 3. Under, 4. Risk, 5. Lecker, 6. Asper, 9. Intact, 11. Exult, 12. Mores, 14. Sleets, 16. Pines, 18. Wield, 19. Tactile, 22. Status, 23. Sake, 24. Slay, 25. Sense, 26. Noon.

Urge Freer Flow Of News

SERVING THE CAUSE OF WORLD PEACE

London, May 14.

A news agency executive today urged an international passport for responsible foreign correspondents and a cut in press cable rates to aid the flow of world news.

Mr J. Kingsbury Smith, General Manager of the International News Service, told editors and press chiefs from 22 nations that high communications costs, especially to and from isolated danger spots, "represent one of the greatest obstacles in the free flow of news."

Mr. Smith was speaking at the second general assembly of the International Press Institute, a private organisation of newspaper executives who have got together to try to improve news distribution. More than 100 news executives are attending the assembly, which opened yesterday.

"The policy of allowing experienced correspondents to move quickly to danger spots would not only help the flow of news but would also serve the cause of peace," Mr. Smith declared.

He urged that the International Press Institute should study this suggestion and approach the United Nations and governments to take effective action.

Mr. Smith said: "There are many regions in the Far and Middle East which are desperately in need of a greater exchange of information—areas where the lack of truth constitutes a threat to peace."

"If there is a situation developing which might threaten peace, people should have the right to learn about it."

"HORRIBLE 'CS'"

The chief obstacle was the difficulty of securing visas for potential danger spots. An international passport for correspondents could be valid for perhaps a year. If the correspondent violated the laws of the country issuing the passport, it could be withdrawn.

Mr. Walton A. Cole, Editor of Reuters news agency, told the Press Institute that the international survey reports on news distribution it has prepared failed to mention "those three horrible 'Cs' of our craft, censorship, costs, communications."

The entire survey project could be endangered through too much attention being focussed on statistics and too little on the facts of life.

"Broadly speaking, statistics, when they are fashioned to measure column inches of news, can be made to prove pretty well anything," Mr. Cole said. "There is censorship, direct or indirect, in many of the areas mentioned as being inadequately covered," Mr. Cole declared. "They are not satellite countries either. Unfortunately there are countries that do not want to be adequately covered."

PROHIBITIVE COSTS

"Apart from censorship regulations, the governments and their prohibitive cable tariffs which effectively keep them in the twilight."

This had a definite bearing on a statement at the Institute Assembly yesterday that news agency fees in a territory showed only 30 to 35 per cent of the wastage was devoted to the world outside the West.

"As normal news gathering facilities do not exist in approximately half the world, the statistics are understandable," Mr. Cole said.

The volume of world news had multiplied so that 15,000 to 20,000 words a day were routine. Press wordage handled by only one communications company had risen from 25 million in 1939 to 157 million in 1945, 311

million words in 1951 and 328 million words in 1952.

News agencies were trying to improve, but they must have realistic support from editors.

Mr. Cole added: "Many of the suggestions that have been made here for the improvement of agency foreign news coverage are constructive and underline the policy that agencies are striving to follow."

GREAT TASK

"It is responsible, editors make common cause in expressing their requirements and recognise the existence of censorship, costs and communications, then I am sure that they will find the agencies fully responsive in assisting them to serve to the maximum effect the readership of the world."

Mr. Alan Gould, executive editor of the Associated Press of America, said one of the great journalistic tasks today was that of selectivity of the vast aggregation of potential news information. This operation was surrounded by physical problems as well as the problems of judgment and news selectivity.

Censorship restrictions and communications presented great difficulties in giving a balanced digest of the world's news today.

"Censorship at the source of news is one of the grave hazards we are up against," Mr. Gould said.

Exchange of experience and collected news would increase the chance of seeking the best. "There is no doubt T. V. presses an increased demand on the news services as well as on the newspapers," Mr. Gould said.

Evidence in the United States showed the reader was more critical, discriminating and demanding in what he expected to find in his daily newspaper after seeing a news event televised. But television should only be regarded as a challenge and not as a threat.—Reuter.

World's Biggest Whale Ship

Buenos Aires, May 14.

The world's biggest whale-factory ship, the Juan Ferns, has been taken over by the Argentine Government.

The ship, built by Britain for an Argentine whaling company, was bought by the Government for 70,000,000 pesos (approximately £1,750,000).

Since delivery, she has been the centre of a financial wrangle between the company and the Government and has never been to sea.

Warning To Japan On China Trade

Nagoya, May 15.

Frank Waring, chief of the Economic Section of the U.S. Embassy in Tokyo, at a press conference here said trade between Japan and Communist China was a question to be explored and decided on by the Japanese Government, not by the United States.

He expressed his views on major questions confronting Japan which have a very important bearing on Japan's foreign relations in the future—such as trade between Japan and Communist China, aid to Japan under MSA, and the dollar spending of the U.S. in Japan after a possible Korean truce.

It was quite understandable Mr. Waring said, that Japanese traders and manufacturers were seriously concerned with trade between this country and Communist China. But, he warned, they will be asked to remember the fact that the United Nations has labelled Communist China an aggressor and the United States, which shares this view with the U.N., imposed a total embargo on Communist China.

Although the United States is alleged to be standing in the way of Japan, who is eager to

Giving A Helping Hand



Princess Anne gives a helping hand to her little sister, Princess Margaret, who wanted to take a short cut to reach her mother—through one of the windows of Balmoral.—Express Photo

BRITISH PACT WITH W. GERMANY

London, May 14.

A monetary agreement between Britain and West Germany has been initiated, replacing the payments agreement of 1950, the Treasury announced tonight.

This was done during the visit earlier this week of the West German Vice-Chancellor, Herr Franz Blücher, and the Economic Affairs Minister, Professor Ludwig Erhard.

German officials accompanying the Ministers initiated the agreement.

It is understood that the text of the agreement will be taken back to Bonn for signature, and that it will not be published for some weeks.

The agreement follows discussions in Bonn earlier this year between German and British officials.

While no further details are available the use of the term monetary agreement indicates that payments between Germany and the sterling area will be conducted in D-Marks and in sterling instead of in sterling only, as in the preceding payments agreement.

Bank of England quotations of the D-Mark are expected soon. Sterling will then be added to the list of currencies dealt in by the German free market, which opened on May 4 for Swiss, Belgian and French and Dutch guilders.—Reuter.

Increased Air Defence Advocated

Vallejo, Calif., May 14.

The Vice-Chief of Staff of the United States Air Force, Lieutenant-General Thomas D. White, said today that Russia would probably have an atomic bomb stockpile big enough to endanger the security of the free world within a year.

The United States strategic bombing force, "must receive a major share of our resources" to "hit back more effectively than we are hit," the General said in a speech to an Armed Forces Day gathering.

He urged increased American air defence, including guided missiles, which, he said, were now becoming available.—Reuter.

BETTER— BUT NOT YET OVER

London, May 14.

General Sir Gerald Templer, British High Commissioner for Malaya, said on arrival at London Airport today he was glad to be able to make a favourable report about the situation in Malaya.

He added: "Conditions are getting better, but things are by no means over."

"One important thing is that there is growing confidence among the general public of all communities, and that is very important."

General Templer has come from Malaya for talks with Colonial Office officials and to attend the Commission.

Sir Gerald said he has to be back in Malaya before the Queen's official birthday on June 11. "I shall have to be pretty nippy, as you can see," he added.—Reuter.

Rapid Expansion Of Red Forces In East Germany

Berlin, May 14.

Soviet Russia appears to have grabbed at least a 12 months' lead over the Western Allies in raising and equipping a new German army.

Each day the Western nations delay ratification of the bogged-down European army pact that lead gets longer.

Although the pact was signed almost a year ago, not a single West German is in uniform yet. Allied authorities believe that it will be far into 1955 before the 12 planned West German divisions are equipped and ready for battle.

In East Germany the Soviets already have an estimated 120,000 Germans under arms and are rapidly expanding them into 12 fully fledged divisions of their own plus an air force and small navy.

The size of East German recruitment was shown off dramatically recently when hand-picked contingent of 5,000 troops, wearing uniforms almost identical with those of the Red Army, goose-stepped past the Soviet Commander-in-Chief in Germany, Gen. Vasily Chuikov.

The troops were drawn from infantry, artillery and armoured units. There also were contingents of the East German air force and navy. Even paratroopers, barely disguised as members of the semi-military "sport and technical" organisation, paraded with unfurled parachutes.

All that was lacking was the T-34 and T-43 Soviet tanks with which the East German panzer units are equipped.

"POLICE" FORCE

The East German Communists have not yet admitted publicly the formation of their Soviet-equipped army. The troops still are known as "People's Police"—a transparent cover-up until they get ready to announce the East Zone army is equipped and ready to fight.

But Allied intelligence authorities know that the East German army already exists.

The army and air force in recent months have been given new uniforms barely distinguishable from the Russian ones—the same olive colours, the same caps and the same high jackboots.

The only difference is that the rank insignia are the same as those used by Hitler's Wehrmacht.

The navy—the so-called "Sea Police"—wears uniforms almost exactly like those of the World War II Nazi navy.

The United States authorities recently reported that the army's ground forces now are organised into two infantry and one armoured division, known as "Army Group North," commanded by Major-General Hermann Rantzsch, with headquarters at Faserwalke.

The army group comprises about 50,000 men.

AIR FORCE

The air force, according to the United States authorities here, is stationed at Kolbitz, Rumburg and Hagen and is being given preliminary training in propeller-driven aircraft by Soviet instructors.

The East German Government already has set up a secret defence ministry with Gen. Vincenz Mueller, a former General in Hitler's Wehrmacht, as Chief of Staff.

Recruiting for the East German Army, under the guise of "barracks"—stationed People's Police, still is nominally voluntary. But thousands of East Zone youths are being virtually forced into it by Communist high pressure teams until a full-dress draft law is ready.

The present 120,000 troops evidently are intended just as a framework for the 12 divisions ultimately to be formed. Meanwhile, some 400,000 young East Germans are getting preliminary pre-military training in the blue-shirted Communist "Free German Youth" and the so-called "Sport and Technik" organisation.

Both this year and last, thousands of "branded" blue-shirted young Communists marched in the May Day procession with carbines slung over their shoulders. Carbine-carrying girl Communists also marched in the parades.

Women also are being organised into the equivalent of WAC and WAVG units attached to the East German army, air force and navy. Their uniforms closely resemble those of the men's units to which they are attached.—United Press.

ATOMIC TREATMENT CHANGES DIAMONDS

New York, May 14.

Four "atomic" diamonds have been put on view in Philadelphia. They are attracting the attention of diamond experts from all over the world.

They began as cheap diamonds. Their value today, according to some experts, is 10 times greater than their original value.

This increased value comes from the fact that they have been "brominated" with gamma rays, from an atom-splitting cyclotron.

The stones, which formerly had little sparkle, now glow with various shades of yellow and orange.

They were put on display at the annual meeting of the American Gem Society. A diamond company official who guarded the exhibition said that "an engagement ring worth, say, only \$50, could be made worth \$500."

A spokesman for the Society admitted the increased value but pointed out that much of the added cost resulted from the use of a huge and expensive machine.

"The question," he said, "can be asked: 'If you want a \$500 diamond, why not buy a \$500 diamond in the first place?'"

The company making the diamonds say that eventually the cost of treating cheap diamonds with a cyclotron will be "cut drastically," making it possible to improve the appearance and attractiveness of the gems for a price most people could afford.

Thailand MPs Make Tour Of Europe

Brussels, May 14.

A delegation of 40 members of Thailand's Parliament has arrived here.

The delegation, which has already been to Switzerland, Italy and West Germany, will leave for London tomorrow.—Reuter.



A series of high explosives in Buenos Aires set off by political opponents of President Peron, marked the May Day celebrations in the Argentine capital. One bomb exploded in the Plaza de Mayo, where Mrs. Peron in General's uniform was delivering his state of the nation message to Congress.—Express Photo

Good for Baby -
Good for you!



SWAN
BRAND
CONDENSED SWEETENED
MILK
MADE IN DENMARK

Be safe and sure with
SWAN — the ideal
baby food. Nutritious
and easily digested.
Available at all stores
and compradores.



THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

SCOUT FAIR

1st KOWLOON GROUP

on
SATURDAY, MAY 16th

at
ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

with
MUSIC & DANCING

by
THE BAND OF THE ROYAL ULSTER RIFLES
(By kind permission of The Commanding Officer)

MAGNIFICENT PRIZES
22 RIFLE RANGE
BARGAINS
SIDE SHOWS

COME AND HAVE A HAPPY TIME
FROM 2.30 p.m. — 6.00 p.m. WE GIVE IT FREE!

Headache
Do not wait patiently for
your suffering to end. Take
1-2 tablets of CAFASPIN
dissolved in half a glass of
water, and headache will
soon vanish.

CAFASPIN
The small tablet with the big effect

SUNDAY EXPRESS

Baby Book

Here it is... the book that
gives complete information
on the care of the baby and
small child from the prenatal
period through to the sixth
year... detailed advice
on Routines, Menus, Recipes,
Training, First Aid...
Complete Record Section from
Birth to the twelfth Year.

Illustrated by over 200 "how-to" photographs and drawings, some
in two colours.

240 pages. Packed in attractive gift box.

\$25.00

Obtainable only at South China Morning Post
Wyndham Street, Hong Kong & Salisbury Road, Kowloon

FOREIGN OFFICE ACCUSED

by COLLIN BROOKS

WHAT was the real cause
of the grotesque, tragic
failure in British foreign
policy and diplomacy be-
tween the wars? Who is
the prime culprit on the
charge-sheet?

One experienced diplomat,
Sir Walford Selby, who had
been private secretary to no
fewer than six Foreign
Secretaries, and was later
British Minister at both Vienna
and Lisbon, has no hesitation
in supplying the answer.

The cause of Britain's plight
in 1939, and the ascendancy of
the Axis, was the British
Foreign Office. In the years of
the rise of Hitler, he says flatly.

...the British Ship of
State had been at sea in
stormy waters with all its in-
valuable cargo on board, but
with its navigating controls
thrown out of gear by sabotage,
and its charts out of date,
while incompetent and palsied
hands alternated upon the wheel.

'Unhooded'

DURING the most vital of
those years the permanent
head of the Foreign Office was
Sir Robert Vansittart, for
whom, in 1939, a new post was
created, that of Chief Diplomatic
Adviser.

In fairness to Lord Vansittart,
it must be said that after he
had resigned from the service,
and taken his peerage, he
frankly confessed that he oc-
cupied that special office, and
drew the public money, with-
out his advice being sought. He
has also, in speeches, books,
and articles, been shrill in his
protestations that what was
wrong with the Foreign Office
between 1939 and 1939 was
that the Cabinet would not
heed the warnings of Sir
Robert Vansittart.

Sir Walford Selby's accusa-
tion is startlingly different. It
is that the warnings and ad-
vice from our Ministers abroad
were unheeded.

On one occasion, when the
British Minister to Vienna was
in London, important decisions
affecting Germany and Austria
were made without his being
consulted.

The trouble was that the
Foreign Secretary was no longer
master in his own house.

It was a complete breakdown of
the Foreign Office organisation,
and this had involved the dis-
appearance of its authority as a
department in Whitehall.

Sir Walford gives examples
after example of confusion and
lack of confidence.

"It was to that faulty or-
ganisation, with its ramifications
in so many directions,
that to the end of my days I
shall continue to attribute the
greatest share of the responsi-
bility for the disaster of 1939."

The indictment, as Sir Wal-
ford draws it, is a heavy one.
Good men set aside and limita-
tions imposed upon them. In-
formation from abroad shelved
in pigeonholes, not reaching
the cabinets of the great de-
partment.

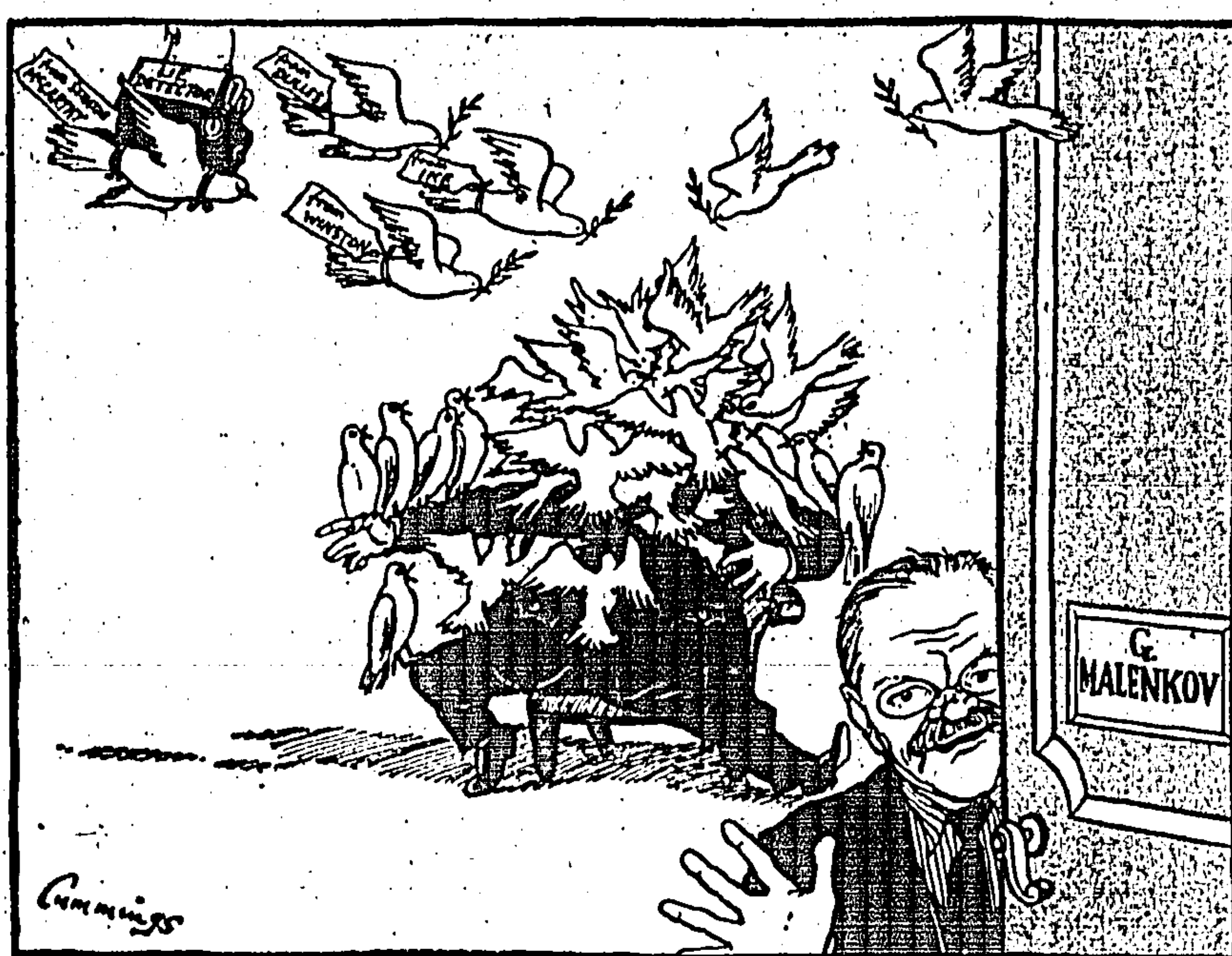
Ambassadors excluded from conferences
in the very countries to which
they were accredited. Tactical
blunder after blunder, bickering
statesmen, and destroying
reputations.

Two reputations

THE accusation that flaws in
the Foreign Office
machinery had such dire effects
is supported by numerous
examples. As they mount, one
after another, the result is that
the book ceases to be the re-
cord of the breakdown of a
department. It becomes an im-
passioned attack on the reputa-
tions of two men, one dead
and one living. Sir Warren
Fisher, then head of the Treas-
ury, and Lord Vansittart. It is
not their good faith which is
questioned; it is their actions.

It is up to Lord Vansittart
to look after himself. No doubt
he will do so.

* "Diplomatic Twilight," Sir Wal-
ford Selby, KCMG, CB, CVO.
(Murray, 15s.)



"I'm sorry—he's in conference just now."

London Express Service

BERIA PUTS FRIENDS IN OFFICE

by Patrick Maitland M.P.

London.
IT IS becoming possible to distinguish
some of the broad trends in the new
Russian regime, now that the excitement
over Stalin's death is dying down. Evidently
a struggle is starting between Beria and
Molotov.

At all events Beria's star is now rising.
Whether he has made peace with the Army
or conquered it cannot yet be discerned.

He was widely suspected of some
responsibility, at least through negligence,
in the Doctor's Plot. But all pretence
about that fake conspiracy has now been
abandoned and Beria has contrived to have
the matter so dismissed that others are
blamed.

In the middle of April Beria "undid"
the purge of a year previously in Stalin's
home province of Georgia. He has now, as
First Deputy Chairman of the Soviet
Council of Ministers and All-Union Minister
of Internal Affairs, dismissed those who
were placed in office at that time. Chief

among them is the Georgian
Communist Party's First

Secretary, A. I. Mgeladze.
V. M. Bakradze has been ap-
pointed in his place. The
new Minister of State
Security is an old friend of
Beria, V. G. Dekanozov.

The new Georgian Pre-
mier quickly issued an
eulogy of his patron. The
Georgian Communist Party,
he said, has "over" many
years been led by Georgia's
best son, that talented pupil
of Lenin, comrade-at-arms
of Stalin, the outstanding
leader of the Communist
Party and great Soviet
State, Comrade Lavrenti
Pavlovich Beria."

What is surprising about this
is the lack of any mention of
Malenkov.

Another purge, favourable to
Beria, is disclosed in Baku. The
appointment is announced there
of a new Prime Minister of
Azerbaijan named Bagirov. He
again is noted as a confederate
and friend of Beria.

Critical Place

These two provinces hold a
critical place in the Soviet
economy, for together Georgia
and Azerbaijan are Russia's
chief sources of oil and man-
ganese ore. Beria's hold on both
gives him the mastery of a rich
territorial empire.

At the same time, the re-
organisation of the central
government in Moscow which
followed Stalin's death has been
matched in many of the other
Provincial State Governments.

It has occurred in Latvia, the
Ukraine, Byelorussia, Armenia,
Moldavia, the Karelo-Finnish
Republic and the Jakut Res-
public.

In each case the chief change
has been to telescope several
ministries into one. In Moscow
itself the Ministry of State
Security has been telescoped
into that of Internal Affairs.
The same is true in the
Provinces and, in all the cases,
where identification is possible,
Beria's friends are moving into
high places.

RAF VIEW IN A HOT CONTROVERSY

SABRE V MIG

By Wing Commander J.H.R. Merifield, DSO, DFC

FOUR of us—Flight Lieutenants Alan Jenkins, John Nicholls, Denis Dunlop and myself—were selected from R.A.F. Fighter Command to fly a combat tour with the American Sabre Wings in Korea.

We left England on April 17 and spent six weeks at the Operational Training Unit at Nellis Air Force Base, Las Vegas, Nevada, U.S.A., where we converted on to the F.86.

We found it a delightful aeroplane to fly. It has no vices and practically no flying limitations. It will go through what is popularly called the "sound barrier" with no trouble and the controls, which are power-operated, are beautifully balanced at all speeds. One of the main reasons for this is that the Sabre has swept-back wings which minimise the effects of compressibility "troubles" at high speeds. Nowadays aircraft speeds are referred to as percentages of the speed of sound. A Mach number of .8 represents a speed of 8/10 of the speed of sound. Few straight-winged aircraft are controllable at Mach numbers in excess of .82 or .84. The Sabre, as I have said, can do 1 + Mach, which is a considerable improvement.

Combat Ready

WE flew to Korea in June and were attached to two Fighter Interceptor Wings there—two of us to each Wing. We flew several training missions with our squadrons and finally became combat ready at the beginning of July. As we had expected, we found very little difference between American operational procedures and our own. Some of the terminology was a little different—for example, we had to remember to say "left" and "right" instead of "port" and "starboard" but it did not take us long to fall into line. We all started off like every body else as wingmen. By the time we had flown twelve or

fifteen missions we were all promoted to leading elements of two aircraft, and shortly afterwards flights of four.

The role of the Sabre Wings in Korea is the maintenance of air superiority over North Korea. In other words their job is to keep enemy aircraft out of the sky in order to enable our own fighter-bombers and reconnaissance aircraft to operate without interference and to prevent our own front line and rear areas being attacked by enemy air power. This air superiority is achieved by four main types of operations: (1) Interceptor, (2) Fighter Sweeps, (3) Fighter Screens, (4) Close escorts of fighter-bomber and reconnaissance aircraft.

Dawn To Dusk

EACH wing maintains a number of flights at various states of readiness from dawn to dusk. These flights are scrambled in the event of enemy activity being detected by the early warning system, and vectored on to the bandits by the ground controller. Fighter sweeps are usually laid out in conjunction with fighter-bomber attacks on targets well behind the enemy lines, in which case there will invariably be a screening force and close escort. Sweeps are also carried out even if no other operations are planned with the object of destroying MIGs and keeping up a constant pressure on the enemy.

The MIGs all operate from north of the Yalu River, which is the Manchurian border. They have found it impossible to use airfields in North Korea for the simple reason that they have not been able to prevent our fighter-bombers putting them all out of action. We are not, of course, allowed to cross the border. So what we do is to patrol south of the Yalu River at heights ranging from 45,000 feet downwards and wait for them to come across.

The MIGs have considerable advantages over us at this point. They are operating over their own territory and close to their own bases. They have an efficient radar warning system. We on the other hand are two

hundred miles from our bases and at this range can get very little help from our own radar. We have to keep always enough fuel in reserve to engage in combat, which means operating at full power with very heavy fuel consumption, and then to take us back home with enough in delay to cope with any unforeseen delays in landing.

The MIG 15, too, is in many ways a better fighter than the Sabre. It is faster, has better acceleration, climbs faster and has a higher ceiling. They can climb to their best height in perfect safety north of the Yalu and attack us at any time they choose from the quarter most favourable to them.

In spite of all this we are still knocking them down at a ratio of better than eleven to one in our favour. The main reason for this is first, a higher standard of pilot ability and air discipline on our part and on their part poor control of their formation in the air and from the ground. Their flights seldom seem to be able to stay together once they engage us or we engage them and on the whole they show a marked lack of team work and ability to do the right thing on the spur of the moment, which are both fundamentals of fighter flying. They almost always outnumber us, yet it is very seldom they will press home their attacks with any real determination.

Not So Good

ANOTHER factor, which we were all glad to see, is that the MIG pilots' gunnery is not all it might be. Their armament is good, consisting normally of one 37 mm. cannon and two 23 mm. against our six .50 calibre machine guns. We have also noticed that the MIG 15 appears to be unstable fore and aft. When the MIG pilot tightens up his turn a bit too enthusiastically his aircraft is liable to snap, roll and spin, and there have been several cases observed of MIGs spinning into the ground without having been hit at all. There is no doubt though that the

enemy pilots on the whole are benefiting from their encounter with us and unless the performance of the Sabre is considerably improved or a new type introduced, the tide could turn in the enemy's favour.

Air Rescues

A big feature of air operations in Korea, and a source of much comfort to pilots of single-engine aircraft operating deep inside enemy territory, is a most efficient air rescue service. When operations are going on helicopter and amphibian aircraft are at readiness to go to the help of anyone in trouble, and in addition flights of fighters are normally alerted in order to deal with any enemy interference with rescue operations. I have seen a helicopter waiting underneath a member of my flight descending by parachute more than 100 miles north of our base. In this case he came down in the sea and spent approximately 30 seconds in the water. The helicopter pilots are held in the highest esteem and have to their credit an impressive list of rescues made in face of enemy opposition.

As I said earlier, the role of the Sabre Wings in Korea is the maintenance of air superiority. They are outnumbered more than ten to one by the enemy and yet for more than a year they have achieved air superiority over North Korea. One of the practical results of this is that not one bomb has been dropped on our front-line troops or anywhere else in South Korea during that time.

Just how remote can you make

remote control?

By CHAPMAN PINCHER

AN atomic experiment

which will rival the wildest schemes of Beachcomber's Dr. Strabismus is to be staged by scientists of the Harwell atom station later this month.

It has been devised to celebrate the opening of the first full-scale uranium mine in the South African goldfields. This is what the scientists have scheduled to happen—

1 At Harwell, Sir John Cockcroft, the atom chief, will make a short speech saying how valuable this new source of uranium will be for defence. The speech will be radiocast to South Africa.

2 At the Daggafontein mine near Johannesburg, 6,500 miles away, Sir Ernest Oppenheimer, the gold and diamond millionaire, will speak in reply. He will then press a button, causing a powerful radio signal

to be sent to a receiving station in Oxford.

3 This signal will be relayed by telephone cable to Harwell where it will set in motion a new robot machine invented by the scientists there. The robot will automatically pull out the control rods which start up Harwell's high-powered atom furnace.

4 The furnace will heat up rapidly as the atoms inside it split, and on reaching a certain power will close a switch causing a radio signal to be sent back to Johannesburg.

5 This signal will be picked up by a mechanism which will start up the uranium extraction machinery at the Daggafontein mine.

Throughout this complicated ceremony, which is to be broadcast by the BBC, Sir Ernest Oppenheimer will be standing only a few feet from a lever which could start the machinery directly.

CAT-DELUSIONS

TEN London cats developed the "D.T.s" after being rescued from the Canary Island floods, veterinary surgeon John M. Mitchell reports.

Three of them behaved as though they were wading in water, picking their feet up and shaking them.

Others began to chase imaginary flying insects, trying to grab them in mid-air, and

cowering down as they zoomed towards them. Some pursued and fought with invisible mice on the floor.

The delusions subsided after four days.

FOR THE GARDEN

GARDEN SEEDS germinate more quickly if they are exposed to a beam of radio waves for a few seconds before sowing, scientists claim today.

The waves heat up the seeds internally and speed sprouting.

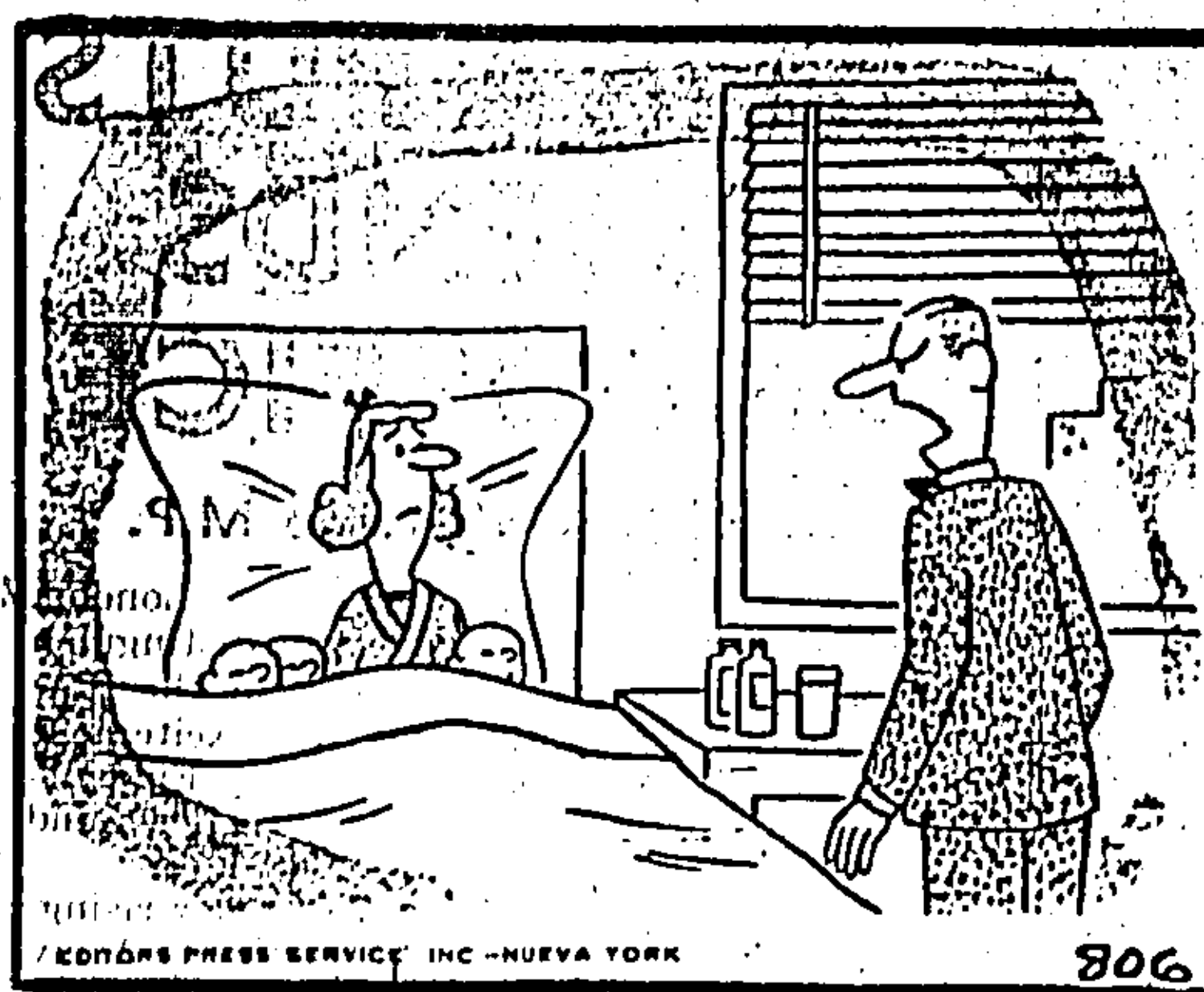
AH, THAT'S BABY

LATEST "Harley Street" story: "Why do you keep the baby in such a high cot?" a doctor asked a young mother. She explained: "Most of the time we're in the living room watching the television and we want to be able to hear him if he falls out."

Made from only the finest!

TAIKOO
ICING
SUGAR

obtainable from
all shops and stores



• BY • THE • WAY • by Beachcomber

PAISLEIKA BAKUKAKAB, the Siamese novelist—

Prodigious: Is that her real name? Myself: My dear boy, do you imagine that anyone would choose such a name? Her father was the well-known writer Uthairatthan Anan. He added Bakuk to his surname when he inherited a fortune from his wife's uncle.

Prodigious: If the lady is married, I wonder she does not use her husband's name when she writes novels.

Myself: I have had news for you. Her husband's name is Watanaw Phumthum.

The Huntingdonshire Cabmen

THE new edition of the "List of Huntingdonshire Cabmen" (long acknowledged as a standard work on the subject) is a book for the bedside. It can be opened anywhere. One or two mistakes should be corrected in the next edition. Palmer, P. L., is obviously a misprint for Palmer, F. C. On page 204 the name Roperock is puzzling, and on page 205 there is no indication that Hitchcock, C. T. R., and Hitchcock,

D. S., are, in fact, twins. The footnote on page 81, which tells us that Simpson, N., is known as "Tubby," is irrelevant, and introduces a vulgar note. Still more regrettable is the information that Archer, W. W., is called "Puddingface." But these are but minor blemishes, and easily remedied. They have no place in a serious factual work.

Marginal note

ON reading that the Irish composer Balfe "has been called the English Rossini," I wonder why, and by whom. Probably by anybody who would call Rossini the English Balfe.

Mrs Withersedge still sings

FROM about the cat's basket comes this song of the sea:

She ain't got a mast, but she's still afloat,

O what a ship, boys! O what a boat!

She'll be famous in song and story.

What do I see on the starboard bow?

Is it Rio? For Chubb? Or is it Chen?

Not it! It's Arrad's Furnit-chure Deepool-tory!

YOUR BIRTHDAY By STELLA

FRIDAY, MAY 15

BORN today, you are intuitive, yet practical. You are a natural leader, a natural organizer, a natural tactician. You are a natural diplomat, a natural negotiator, a natural peacemaker. You are a natural lover, a natural friend, a natural helper. You are a natural doer, a natural maker, a natural creator. You are a natural thinker, a natural planner, a natural strategist. You are a natural warrior, a natural conqueror, a natural victor. You are a natural hero, a natural champion, a natural champion.

and have a family growing up around you. The more you select someone who has similar or complementary intellectual and cultural values, for in this way only will you find complete and lasting happiness. You might be magnetically attracted to a person, but when that person is not a true friend, you will be disappointed. You are a natural leader, a natural organizer, a natural tactician. You are a natural diplomat, a natural negotiator, a natural peacemaker. You are a natural lover, a natural friend, a natural helper. You are a natural doer, a natural maker, a natural creator. You are a natural thinker, a natural planner, a natural strategist. You are a natural warrior, a natural conqueror, a natural victor. You are a natural hero, a natural champion, a natural champion.

SATURDAY, MAY 16

TAURUS (Apr. 21-May 21)—If you make a special effort today, you will be able to do more than you think you can. You could make others unhappy and envious.

GEMINI (May 22-June 21)—Take time out this week end for a little pleasant relaxation at home. Get into the country, perhaps.

CANCER (June 22-July 23)—A feminine friend may be able to help you in a problem that is sad, worrying you just now.

LEO (July 24-Aug. 23)—Patience will win out today. Don't lose your temper if things don't develop as fast as you think they should.

VIRGO (Aug. 24-Sept. 23)—Be tactful and avoid all costs getting into any kind of argument. Side-step issues.

LIBRA (Sept. 24-Oct. 23)—Enclosed on foot that the advice of friends will win an argument today! Diplomacy, not force, wins.

SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 23)—The advice of friends will win an argument today! Diplomacy, not force, wins.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 24-Dec. 23)—If you have a spare time, spend it on some home work. Finish odd jobs.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 24-Jan. 20)—Plan to spend this day in complete relaxation. Let down tensions that may have been mounting this past week.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—If you make any statement, be very sure you are very explicit to avoid any misunderstanding.

DUMB BELLS



WHAT'S HER LINE?

ENAS PRENTICE

Rearrange the letters to spell her occupation.

(Solution on Page 10)

JACOBY ON BRIDGE

Tourney Is Scene Of Great Hands

NORTH		13
♠ 83		
♥ Q 10 8 5 2		
♦ 9 8 5 3		
♣ A		
WEST		EAST
♠ A J 10 6 4		♥ Q 9 2
♥ K 8 4		♦ A 9 7 3
♦ K 2		♣ 7
♣ 8 3		♦ 10 7 6 4 2
SOUTH (D)		
♠ K 7 5		
♥ None		
♦ A Q J 10 4		
♣ K Q J 9 5		
Both sides vul.		
South	West	North
1 ♠	1 ♠	2 ♥
3 ♠	Pass	3 ♠
4 ♠	Pass	5 ♠
Pass	Pass	Pass
Opening lead—♦ 2.		

BY OSWALD JACOBY

ONE of the most interesting hands of last year's European Championship came in the match between Sweden and Germany. Rudolph Kock, of the Swedish team, was declarer at a contract of five diamonds.

West opened the deuce of diamonds, and dummy won the first trick with the nine. Declarer cashed the ace of clubs, led a diamond to his ace, and then led top clubs from his own hand. On the queen and jack of clubs both West and the dummy discarded low spades.

South next ruffed a spade in dummy and returned to his hand by ruffing a heart. At this point he led the nine of clubs towards dummy.

West held two spades, two hearts and a trump, and had to make a discard. He chose to discard a heart, whereupon dummy ruffed. Declarer returned to his hand by ruffing a heart, and put West in with a trump. West then had to lead away from his ace of spades, giving declarer the last trick with the king of spades.

West was criticised for discarding a heart, but it was quickly pointed out that he could have done no better by discarding a spade. Dummy does not ruff, but discards a heart, and East is allowed to win the trick with the ten of clubs.

East cannot return a spade, for then West's blank ace of spades will be ruffed out to set up declarer's king. East must return a heart. South ruffs in his own hand, ruffs a spade in dummy, and ruffs another heart in his own hand. West gets the last trick with the king of diamonds, but South has already taken 11 tricks.

CARD SENDS

Q—The bidding has been:

South West North East

1 Diamond Pass 1 Heart Pass

2

You, South, hold: Spade 2,

Hearts K-3, Diamonds A-Q-J-9-6, Clubs A-K-Q-8-2. What do you do?

A—Bid three clubs. You have a count of 19 points in high cards, 2 points for the singleton, and 1 point extra for the king of your partner's bid suit. With a total count of 22 points, you are entitled to make a forcing rebid in your second suit.

TODAY'S QUESTION

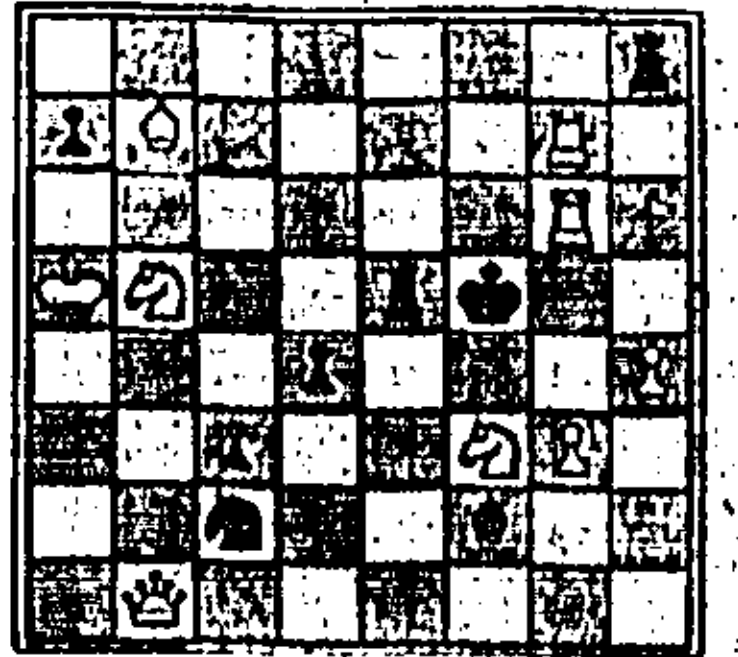
The bidding is the same as in the question just answered. You, South, hold: Spade 2, Hearts K-3, Diamonds A-Q-J-9-6, Clubs A-K-Q-8-2. What do you do?

Answer: Tomorrow

CHESS PROBLEM

By W. MAY

Black, 8 pieces.



White, 9 pieces.

White to play: mate in two.

Solution to yesterday's problem:

1. Kt-K8, any; 2. Q, R, Kt or P mate.



WOMANSENSE

Two Quick Lunches

By ALICE DENHOFF

HERE are some recipes designed with an eye on the budget, but without any sacrifice of good eating.

First off, a neat way with frankfurters, a good quickie any time.

Split frankfurters lengthwise, but do not cut through. Brush both cut sides with mustard. Fill each split frankfurter with 2 tsp. nicely seasoned bread stuffing, wrap with a strip of partially-broiled bacon and fasten with toothpicks. Broil the stuffed frankfurters 4 inches from source of heat, or under a 400° F. preheated broiler for 6 minutes.

French Fried Mushrooms

Nothing like a fresh approach to vegetables for adding interest to a pedestrian meal. For something special, then, treat the family to French fried mushrooms or asparagus.

Peel fresh mushroom caps, dip in beaten egg, seasoned with salt, and roll in dry

bread crumbs. For the asparagus, drain juice from tinned asparagus spears (or use fresh asparagus) and roll the spears in flour seasoned with salt and onion salt. Group 3 flavoured asparagus spears together, dip in mixture of beaten egg and water, and roll in dry bread crumbs. Fry asparagus or mushrooms in deep fat (300° F.) until brown.

Leftover Chicken

Never too many recipes to take care of leftovers. For a good one, mix 2 c. leftover chicken with one tin condensed celery soup. Spread on lightly toasted bread and sprinkle with chopped chives, parsley or paprika for colour contrast (Pimiento may be added to mixture, if desired.) Arrange the bread slices on a cookie sheet and toast in (375° F.) oven for 10 minutes.

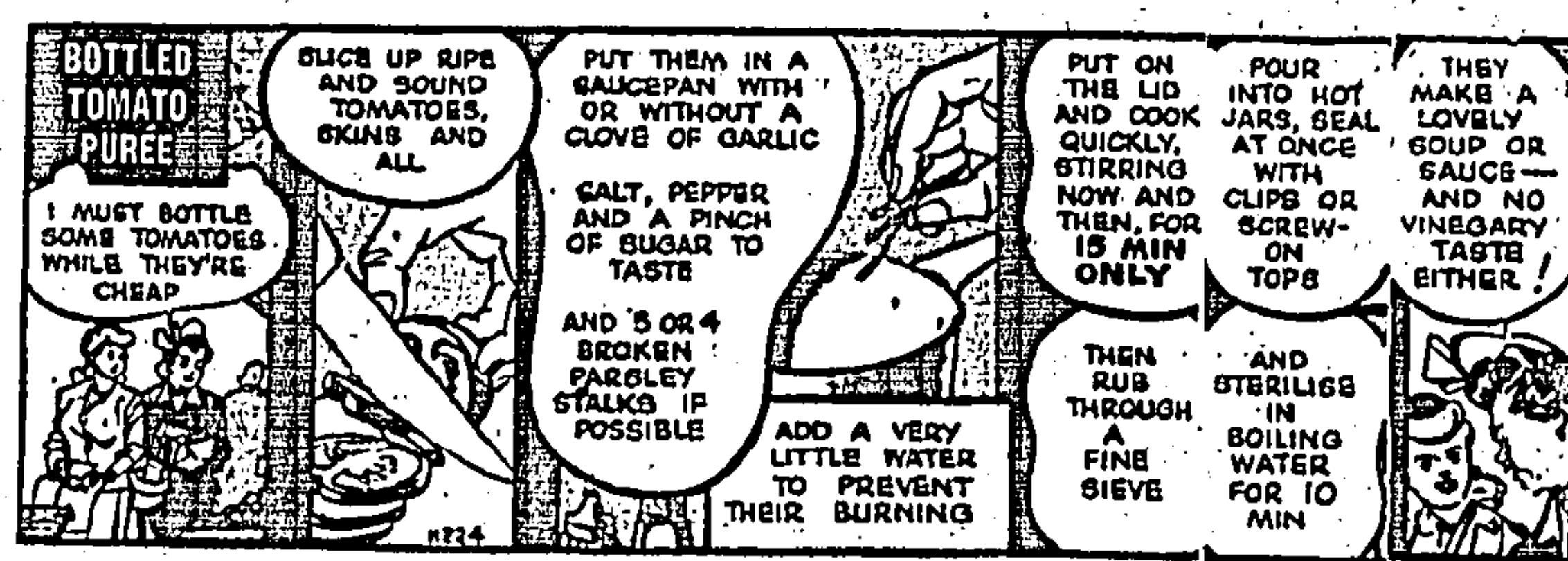
Here's a variation on the usual way of serving cauliflower.

Place the cooked vegetable in a baking dish; cover with a thin white sauce. Sprinkle on top 4 mixture of grated cheese and bread crumbs; brown in moderate oven for 15 minutes.

And to add interest to beefs, boil and slice them into saucy pan; pour in 1/2 c. sour cream (or fresh cream with 2 tsp. lemon juice), 1 tsp. butter, and salt and freshly ground black pepper to taste. Let boil up once or twice and serve.

Household Hint

To remove mud stains from a dark, unwashable fabric rub the cut surface of a raw potato on the spot and then let it dry. When you brush off the potato starch, the mud will come with it.



BOYS' AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

Willy, The Well-Dressed Toad

—He Had a Terrible Time with a New Outfit—

By MAX TRELL

"WHERE are you going, Willy?" Knarf, the shadow-boy with the turned-about name, asked.

"I'm going to town to buy myself a new suit of clothes," Willy the Toad answered. "I saw just what I wanted in a shop window yesterday. The coat is green, the vest is yellow and the trousers are brown with gold dots. The whole suit is bright and cheerful. It's just the suit for a well-dressed toad like me."

Willy jumped off the mushroom on which he had been sitting when Knarf came up. He landed lightly on the ground.

And A Panama Hat

"I'm also going to buy a cane," he added, "and a pair of orange shoes. Well—toodle-oo! I'll be seeing you!"

With that he hopped down the road whistling "Way Down Upon the Swannee River" as he hopped. Knarf sat down under the shade of the mushroom.

A few moments later Blinky the Mole stuck his head out of one of the doors of his underground lodgings. This was near the stalk of a thistle a few feet off.

"Morning!" greeted Blinky. "I just heard you and Willy talking. What is that Toad up to now? Buying more clothes, I bet."

"That's right," said Knarf.

Blinky shook his head. "You'd think he didn't have a single thing to wear. Why, he had a complete new outfit only two weeks ago! If he'd stop hopping through burrs and thorns and brambles, his clothes would last longer."

Heard Whistling

Knarf and Blinky started talking about other things. All at once they heard the sound of "Way Down Upon the Swannee River" being whistled. A few moments later Willy hopped into sight.

He was limping. His arm was in a sling and he had a black eye. He didn't have a new suit!

"What happened, Willy?" Knarf and Blinky asked in alarm.

"Nothing to speak of," said Willy cheerfully as he jumped back on the mushroom. "I went into the shop and bought the new suit and the Panama hat and the orange shoes and the cane. I was telling you about. They were beautiful."

Then Willy paused.

"And?" said Knarf. "And?" said Blinky.



Blinky Mole stuck his head out of his underground lodgings.

"And," said Willy at last. "And—then they asked me to pay 'em.' I said, 'Certainly!' And I gave them three blue-bottle flies. You'd think they'd be pleased, wouldn't you? There's nothing in the world as valuable as bluebottle flies. At least I think so."

"But they weren't at all pleased. They wanted money. Just think of it! Why, you can't buy bluebottle flies for money! They became angry and it all ended rather unpleasantly."

Willy sighed. "So they took the clothes back and threw me out of the shop. It's the last time I'll ever buy my clothes in that shop."

Blinky Mole shook his head sadly. So did Knarf. People didn't understand poor Willy Toad at all!

THE CORONATION OF THE QUEEN

with stand-up model

of the

Royal State Coach.

\$2.50

S. C. M. POST, LTD.

Hong Kong & Kowloon.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

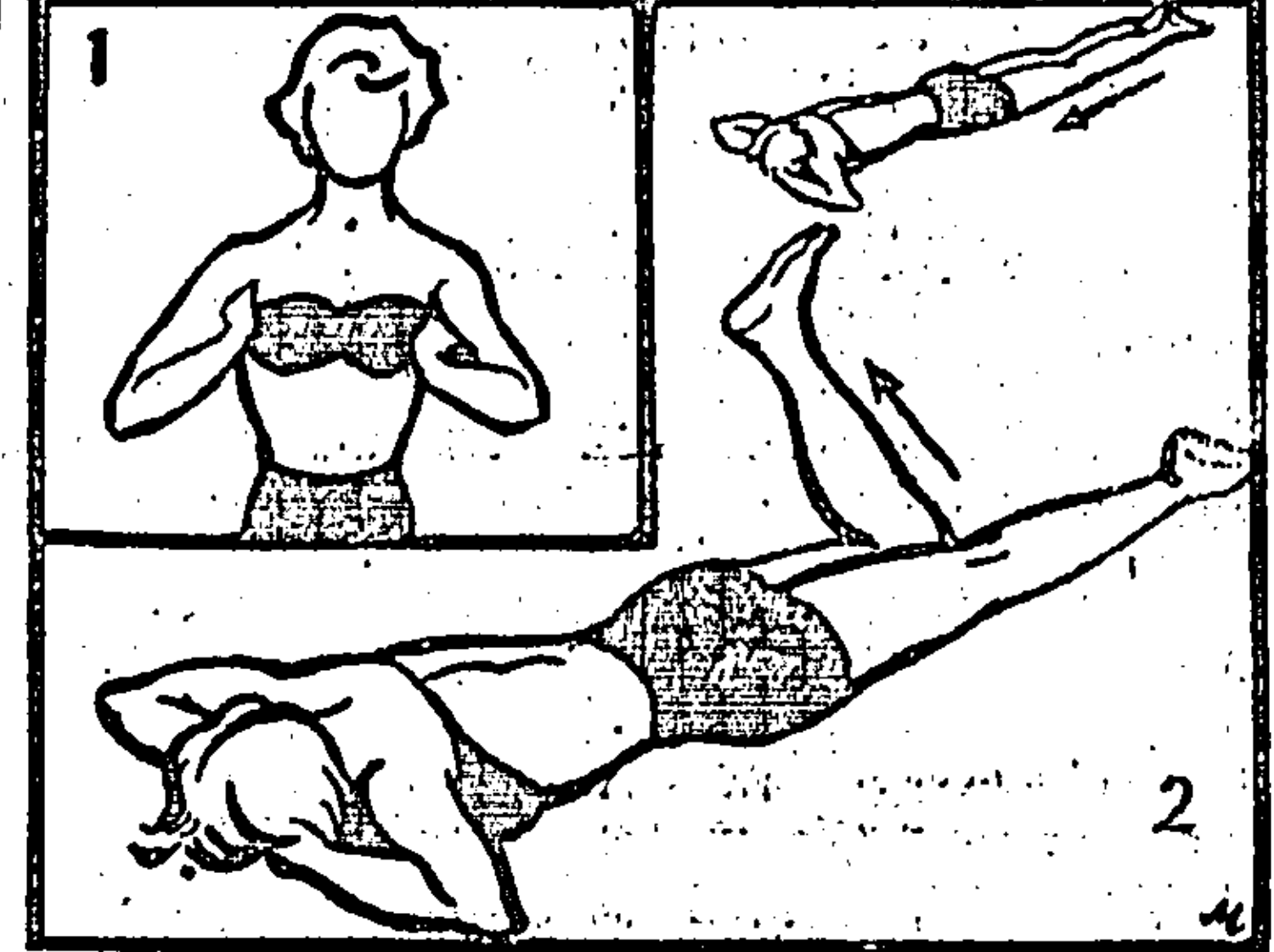
ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

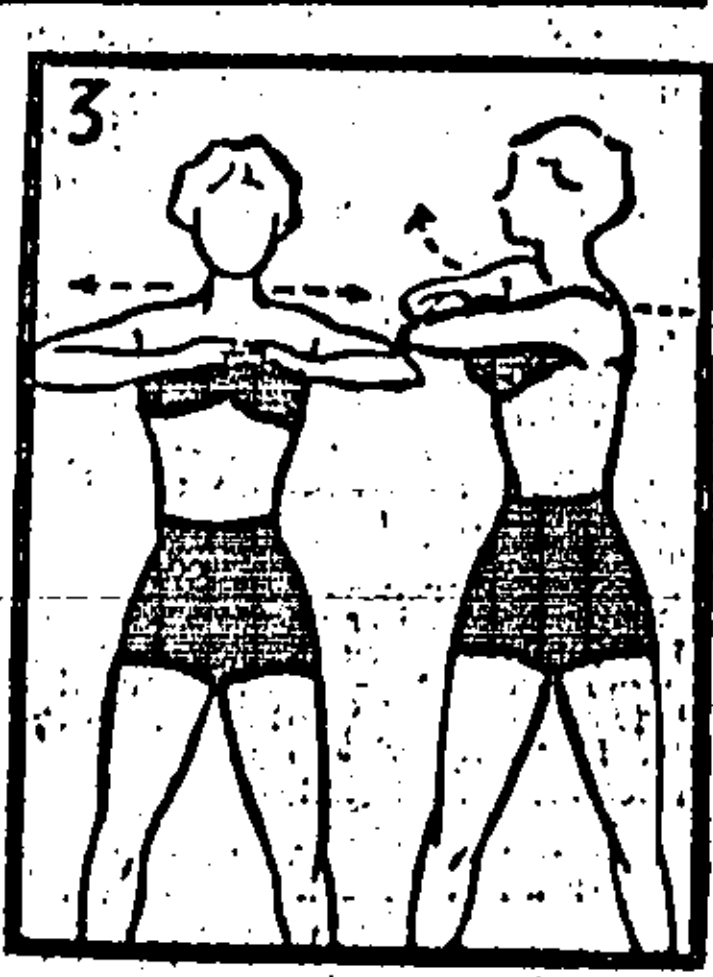
ALL RIGHTS RESERVED



1. To tone bust and shoulders. Shoulders back, tummy in. Clench fists under armpits and describe wide circles with your elbows. Ten times. Rest. Repeat.

2. Thigh slimmer. Lie face downwards on the floor. Bend right knee and raise thigh about six inches from floor. Three times; repeat other side.

3. For waist and bust. Stand erect with arms bent across chest, fingertips touching. Swing right arm out and round to the side as far back as possible at shoulder level. Back to first position. Repeat ten times; change to other side.



Tailored Cottons

New And Pretty Bed Linens

By ELEANOR ROSS

BEAUTY, comfort and utility are nicely combined in new bed linens now in the stores, assembled with an eye to spring returning and spring tidies. The plain linens, too, have been prettied up with new borders and other details, and there's a greater emphasis on contour or fitted sheets.

And if you like colour, you'll want to know that coloured sheets are just as durable as white ones, given the proper care. Colours, of course, cannot stand the same amount of bleaching as can whites, and they should never be dried in the direct sunlight.

Children's Linens

There are delightful linens for a child's bed, including a fine of sheets and covers with dog and cat motifs done in embroidery. And for the little ones, there is a new crib contour sheet that is coated with an acetate finish that makes for water- and stain-proofing. Comes in colours as well as white.

As for blankets, new fibres have come along to challenge the rule of wool. These fibres have built-in properties to make use and upkeep easier. One fibre is so warm, yet so light, that a blanket can be used as a "couch throw."

The new synthetics are said to resist matting, shrinkage, mildew, stains and moths, and to become softer with laundering.



By GRACE THORNCLEIFFE

COTTON, tailored and handled with all the care given to fine mill, is used for some of the newest and smartest of clothes. Here is one of the new slim straight-lined spring dresses tailored of men's wear cotton, black with crisp white stripes. The shawl collar is topped by another of white, grandiose for a fresh touch. Seaming moulds the midriff, above a pop-top tucked skirt. The sleeves are of the push-up variety.

RANGERS WIN SCOTTISH CUP FINAL REPLAY



Rangers captain George Young, holds aloft the Scottish Cup after they had beaten Aberdeen 1-0 in the replay. Left to right:—Simpson, Pryde, Hubbard, Paton, Niven, Little, Waddell, Young, Woodburn, McColl, Grierson.

YOUTH MUST LEARN TO USE ALL THE COURT

Says FRED PERRY

During the British Hard Court Tennis Championships at Bournemouth, much emphasis was placed on the improvement of the younger players in English tennis. They have improved considerably and I think we can now safely say that English tennis is on the way back.

Perhaps the present crop of youngsters will not make the grade themselves, but those in the younger brackets will have a better chance through the efforts of these present-day junior players.

Their strokes are better and they have had many advantages denied their predecessors. The rest is entirely up to them.

The only things you can actually buy in lawn tennis are the articles of equipment necessary to play the game. Everything else must be got by hard work. Professionals and Lawn Tennis Association officials can only assist.

It is up to the individual who

must learn everything there is to know about the game.

One of the most important of all is the fact that the court, to quote the book, is "a rectangle 78ft. long and 27ft. wide."

That can be an awful big place if you know how to use it to advantage, but I have been struck particularly by the fact that our younger players do not have any idea how to do just that.

To most of them, particularly the girls, it is a space about 15ft. long on each side of the net and perhaps 10ft. wide.

How can a player hope to win a match using only half a court? It is like fighting a championship boxing match with one hand tied behind your back or rowing in the Diamond Sculls using only one oar.

EVERY INCH

Every possible inch of space must be used. We had a match at Bournemouth between two of our younger players that lasted for two hours and five minutes.

I took another young player up to the court after the match and asked him to look at it closely and tell me what he saw about it.

He looked at it closely and remarked that the boys had been skidding about quite a lot. I pointed to him that all the skid marks ended at the lines of the doubles court, which meant that both players had been playing the ball mostly down the middle of the court, completely oblivious to the use of the short angle.

Had that court been used by a Cochet, a Tilden or a Jack Crawford, those diagonal skid marks would have been carried on some eight or 10 feet outside the side lines.

When a player gets that far out of court he is dead for the return. Those masters of the late 20s and middle 30s would give you the short angle shot to bring you forward and out, then push the long ball down to the base line on the other side, thus getting the ball behind the opponent, the position from which it is almost impossible to win the point except by some miraculous shot.

It is true that to learn such tactics takes work. It takes hours of work. Once, after I had already won at Wimbledon, Dan Maskell and I spent 10 days working on short angles alone; we worked almost until we dropped, but we mastered the shot.

I noticed that Tony Mottram has been playing most of his matches from the back of the court, using just such tactics.

Yugoslavs Beat Belgium 3-1

Brussels, May 14. Yugoslavia beat Belgium 3-1 in an international soccer match here today.

About 45,000 people watched the match, in which Yugoslavia led by 3-0 at half-time.—Reuter.

MAJOR LEAGUE BASEBALL

New York, May 14. Results of American Major League baseball matches played this afternoon were:

AMERICAN LEAGUE
Boston Red Sox 4, Cleveland Indians 4 (11 innings).
Chicago White Sox 7, New York Yankees 5.

Other matches are to be played during the evening.—Reuter.

BEATEN GUINEAS HORSES WILL NOT STOP NEARULA

By MAJOR GEOFFREY HARBORD

With the exception of Nearula, I cannot see any of the 2,000 Guineas field winning the Derby next month.

Nearula's clear-cut victory was due to his going a mile well, whereas the two placed horses — Bebe Grande and Olandrin — shot their bolt a furlong before.

Obviously the winner had been trained for the Guineas and no effort has yet been made to find out if he stays a mile and a half.

It is his breeding — on much the same lines as was proved so successful by Signor Tesio — that persuaded me that Nearula will stay the Derby course.

Nearula and Olandrin are two of my Twelve to Follow. Sprinters are, as a class, the best looking horses, and Olandrin is no exception. He was in the lead for six furlongs and I think this is his best distance.

EXCLUSIVELY

Harvey Leader, who trains Olandrin, told me that while he was disappointed with Prince Canarina at Sandown, the horse was being trained exclusively for the Derby.

Leader considers that Prince Canarina is sure to stay. As a two-year-old he was a lot better than Olandrin.

The field for the 2,000 Guineas was unquestionably a good one, and the winner, Happy Laughter, a charming consistent filly.

Jack Jarvis had said there was little between her and Tessie Gillan, and so the race proved. The draw may have made all the difference.

Indomitable Bebe Grande was third after finishing second in the 2,000 Guineas two days earlier. She proved conclusively that a mile is just too far for her.

She is so good in every other way that she can be forgiven her unsightly hocks.

Of the French fillies Natta II

(fourth) I preferred to Dynastie II.

Devon Vintage has furnished into a beautiful filly and there is a lot to like about Nectarine and Rose Coral.

Gay Time, the Queen's winner, looked well but was obviously short of a race. The March Stakes was presented to him by Zuchero.

Perhaps the most brilliant horse in training, Zuchero refused to go out of a hack canter. Sir Winston Churchill's Prince Arthur, a good-looking dark bay, won the moderate Botolphclaydon Handicap in smashing style under top weight.

He is unfashionably bred, but considered at home to have an outside Derby chance.

(London Express Service)

Two New Faces In Australia's Tennis Team

Sydney, May 14.

Overseas tennis fans will see two fresh faces in Australia's tennis contingent to tour Europe and America during the coming tennis season.

Making their international debut are Clive Wilderspin, a 23-year-old engineer from Perth; and Rex Hartwig, fleet-footed 24-year-old who has caused many an upset in Australian tournaments.

Other members in the team which left Australia on April 25 are Mervyn Rose, Ken Rosewall, Lewis Hoad and Ian Ayre, all veterans of the international courts.

Harry Hopman, Australia's tennis wizard of Davis Cup fame, has gone along as manager.

Hartwig was not originally included in the team selected by the Lawn Tennis Association of Australia. His disappointment was mollified when he was informed that a public subscription would enable him to go after all. He will, however, be part of the team and remain under Hopman's control.

SPECIAL FUND

The public had also underwritten a special fund to send Wilderspin to Wimbledon before he attracted the attention of Australia's selectors with a convincing victory over hard-hitting Hoad in the Australian National Championships last January.

Wilderspin is the best tennis player ever to come out of Western Australia. He was already a sound player at 18, and was invited to tour South Africa with Australia's leading players. He declined because he was determined to achieve his ambition to become an engineer.

Now, engineer Wilderspin feels he is going to Wimbledon on a different ticket. If he fails to make the grade, he still has his career to come back to.

REMARKABLE

Wilderspin's tennis ability is all the more remarkable when one considers how little time he had to play. He would travel 12 miles to work in his father's engineering works during the day. In the evenings he attended night classes three times a week. That left him only the week-ends for tennis. His star was when he dived head in the surprise second round upset at Kooyong.

Hartwig's name is a more familiar one on the Australian tennis circuit. His first sporting headline came when he dived Ken McGregor in January, 1952, to take the South Australian title. More recently, he gave America's team captain, Vic Seixas, a close shave in the New South Wales Championship.—United Press.

A FAMILY AFFAIR AT GOLF

Bushey Heath, Hertfordshire, May 14.

Two tall, slim-built sons of Atherstone Golf Club's professional, John Hunt, made golfing history today by being the first brothers to meet in an important professional championship final in Britain.

Bernard Hunt, 23-year-old Ryder Cup "possible", beat his 47-year-old brother, Geoffrey, two and one in the 36-hole final of the Assistant Professionals Championship at Harlborough Club here after Geoffrey had been three up at the 28th green.

But before the final started, the brothers had agreed to pool the £300 prize money and put it towards the cost of a car to transport them on the tournament circuit.

They gave a glorious display of fast-moving, brilliant golf. Bernard made a great recovery from his plight at the 28th, shooting the next seven holes in an astonishing four under four for a sparkling victory.—Reuter.

★ ★ A SEAT IN THE STALLS ★ ★

John Ford's "Oscar" Was Well Earned

Last night's premiere of "The Quiet Man" at the Lee Theatre certainly proved that John Ford's fourth "Oscar" for Best Direction was well-earned. It takes a great understanding of Irish tradition, Irish humour and not least Irish pride — some call it stubbornness — to make such a heart-warming picture out of material as simple as this. Of course, a genuinely Irish and genuinely lovely Maureen O'Hara does a great deal to help him, as does an equally Irish Barry Fitzgerald.

Hinged on the theme of an American's return to the village of his birth in Ireland, with no knowledge of the country's traditions, customs and ways, one sees John Wayne as the American prize-fighter Sean Thornton seeking peace and quiet after having killed a man in the ring. Before long he is marrying Mary Kate, but her brother Will Donahoe (Victor McLaglen), the village bully, refuses to hand over the traditional dowry on their wedding day.

The groom is not much worried, greatly to the disappointment of the wedding guests, who at least expected a fight.

But the problem is that no self-respecting Irish colleen is decently married, without a dowry, and being more Irish

and self-respecting than most, the bride simply won't settle down without one. She even joins the village in labelling her new husband a coward.

It is only when she leaves town to be yanked off the train by Sean that things begin to happen. Now the Irish ire is roused. Wayne has a go at McLaglen to settle not only the dowry, but his marriage, happiness and peace. A delighted village turns out en masse to relish the fight and lay bets as to the winner.

After a long absence, Victor McLaglen returns to the screen — looking just the same. He is an ideal Will Donahoe. Barry Fitzgerald does every kind of brokerage, including marriage, and is very amusing the while. So it warm-hearted Father Lonergan (Ward Bond) who is not above a bit of conniving if it is likely to promote happiness. The film would not be complete without him, for a priest is as inseparable from the Irish scene as the homely stew and peat.

Its unusual love scene is a delightful feature of the film, and as Irish as the rest of it. A. G.

DAVIS CUP MATCHES

Brussels, May 14. Belgium took a 2-0 lead over Hungary in their second round European Zone Davis Cup tie in Budapest today, according to radio reports received here.

Jackie Brichant beat J. Asboth 6-2, 6-3, 4-6, 10-8, and Philippe Washer defeated Joco 6-2, 3-6, 6-1, 6-1.—Reuter.

SWEDEN 2, SPAIN 0

Barcelona, May 14. Sweden led Spain 2-0 at the end of the first day's play in their European Zone second round Davis Cup tie here today.

Lennart Bergelin beat Draper 6-3, 6-1, 6-4, and Sven Davidson defeated Ferrer 6-4, 2-6, 3-6, 6-1, 6-1.—Reuter.

ITALY 2, HOLLAND 0

Schevringen, Holland, May 14. Italy led Holland by two matches to all at the end of the first day in their European Zone second round Davis Cup tie here.—Reuter.

What's best in Kowloon?



WHITEAWAYS . . . of course !!

"SWANELLA" BED SHEETS

WE HAVE JUST UNPACKED A SMALL SHIPMENT OF THESE DELIGHTFUL SHEETS — SNOW WHITE. LINEN FINISHED. Size 70" x 100" \$32.50 Pr.

WHITEAWAY LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

Kowloon

Hongkong



753 Nathan Road (East of Prince Edward Rd.) Tel. 57347.

DELICIOUS DISHES, COCKTAILS & WINES.

"The Little Place That Offers Great Joy!"

AIR-CONDITIONED HOLLYWOOD BEAUTY PARLOUR Satisfaction Guaranteed

Phone 59249 for appointment 14, Cameron Rd., Kowloon.

Comfortable-Cool-Soothing

眼 PEBBLE 水 LENSES 晶

Ground with Crystal Stone to all Prescriptions.

Indispensable for aching and tired eyes.

1 M. Wright D.O.S. (U.S.A.)

KOWLOON OPTICAL CO.

27, Cameron Rd., Kowloon.

Head Office: 523, Nathan Rd.

Branch Office: 71, Tai Po Rd.

Neon Lights

best for CORONATION DECORATION

We have: Neon Light Crowns, words, tubings, etc. to tel.

Best designs & Service

CATHAY NEON LIGHT CO.

85, Austin Road, Kowloon.

Tel. 30104



221 D-E, NATHAN ROAD.

Chinese & European Dishes.

Well-known in the Colony.

DANCING NIGHTLY

B. de ROMA

and his trio

Business Hours: 11 a.m. — 2 a.m.

THE BEST LADIES & GENTS TAILOR

Mayai & Co. Workshop 5A, Granville Rd., Kowloon

Ready made evening gowns, brocade jackets, coats & gowns, embroidery blouses, at reasonable prices.

Main Shop: 125, Nathan Rd., (Princess Theatre Building), Kowloon.

SHANGHAI CENTRAL & PAO KEE DRY CLEANERS

Phone 57457 for Collection & Delivery—Hongkong & Kowloon.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

4 Carnarvon Road, Kowloon.

PALACE RUG CO.

Carpets & Rugs of Highest Quality

Wholesale & Retail at Lowest Prices

Expert Service in Carpet Repairing & Cleaning

12 Hankow Rd., 1st Fl., Kowloon. Tel. 56013

ZORIC DRY CLEANING

CAN ONLY BE DONE IN A "ZORIC" UNIT. THERE IS BUT ONE IN THE COLONY. IT IS USED AT

THE STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

Call 58266 For Collections and Deliveries

French Beat Welsh 6-1 At Soccer

Paris, May 14.

France, after being a goal down in 90 seconds, overwhelmed Wales by six goals to one in an international soccer match here today.

Ivor Allchurch, Welsh inside-forward, flashed one a 30-yard drive to open the scoring in the second minute, but the French forwards, prompted by left-back and captain Roger Marche, swept into a series of strong attacks which brought them four goals before the interval.

Rene Gardien, the left-winger, and centre-forward Raymond Kopa each scored twice in the first half for France. Gardien equalized in the ninth minute and netted again in the 33rd minute. Kopa's goals were scored in the 13th and 20th minutes.

Wales rallied for a spell in the second half, but the French attack was soon prominent again and their right-half scored France's fifth goal in the 72nd minute, and Joseph Lujack, on the right wing, added to the scoring with a goal three minutes before time.

Wales, outplayed for most of the game, were indebted to goalkeeper Billy Shortt, whose brilliant display repeatedly brought cheers from the 35,000 crowd.

The French were faster and marked their opponents relentlessly. Wales forwards were inclined to be wild with their shooting.—Reuter.

Buenos Aires, May 14.

Buenos Aires had a well deserved win over the English Football Association XI in a representative soccer match at the River Plate Stadium here today.

It was the first game of the English tour of South and North America.

England scored first when Tommy Taylor, the Manchester United centre-forward, headed in

from a corner in the 41st minute, but Buenos Aires equalized almost immediately with a goal by Grillo.

Second half goals by Michelli in the 56th minute and Grillo in the 70th minute completed the scoring.

England were fortunate to be on level terms at half time and only over-zealousness in front of the goal prevented the Buenos Aires forwards from scoring more.

Buenos Aires were always pressing and harassing the English defence, while England's forwards were given few opportunities.

120,000 CROWD

General Juan Peron, President of the Argentine, saw the match, which drew a record crowd of 120,000.

That the Buenos Aires forwards failed to score more than three goals was due partly to bad luck and partly to indecision in front of goal.

The Englishmen improved after the opposition had toyed with them for the opening half hour, but they never struck real form.

Playing a type of football resembling that of the Brazilians, the Argentinians kept the ball on the ground and juggled with it at tremendous speed.

The English defence were hard pressed in trying to intercept the crisp waist-high passing among the forwards.

None of the English players had a good match, though captain Billy Wright played a strong defensive game.

Insider-left Grillo was the star of the Buenos Aires attack, while the firm grip which Delach, the right back, kept on Billy Wright played a strong defensive game.

England will have to play much better and find some way of countering the Argentinians' bewildering attack if they are to avoid defeat in the full international match on Sunday.—Reuter.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

(Butterfield & Swire (Hong Kong) Ltd.)

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO		
"YUNNAN"	Tientsin	5 p.m. 10th May
"SHENKING"	Keelung	8 p.m. 10th May
"FENGHENG"	Singapore, Belawan & Penang	8 a.m. 22nd May
"HUPH"	Tientsin	10 a.m. 22nd May
"HUNAN"	Shanghai	10 a.m. 23rd May
"FOYANG"	Bangkok	10 a.m. 23rd May
"SHENKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 23rd May
"FUNGING"	Djarkarta, Semarang, Surabaya & Macassar	5 p.m. 20th May
"HANYANG"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe (passengers only)	Noon 27th May
"SZECHUEN"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	10 a.m. 29th May
"YCHOW"	Singapore, Belawan, Penang & Palembang	10 a.m. 30th May
ARRIVALS FROM		
"HUPH"	Tientsin	11 a.m. 17th May
"SHENKING"	Keelung	7 a.m. 21st May
"FOYANG"	Kobe	21st May
"FUNGING"	Kobe	24th May
"YCHOW"	Straits & Sibn	20th May
"SZECHUEN"	Bangkok	27th May

A.O. LINE LTD./C.N. CO., LTD. JOINT SERVICE		
"TAIPEI"	Japan	28th May
"TAIYUAN"	Japan	17th June
"TAIPEI"	Sydney & Melbourne	
ARRIVALS FROM		
"TAIPEI"	Australia & Manila	20th May
"TAIYUAN"	Australia & Manila	1st June
"TAIPEI"	Japan	15th June

BLUE FUNNEL LINE		
Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said.		
"AENEAS"	Liverpool	25th May
"ASCANTUS"	G. C. A., London, Rotterdam & Hamburg	25th May
"PYRRIUS"	Malta, Liverpool, Dublin & Glasgow	6th June
"TELEMACHUS"	Liverpool & Glasgow	14th June
"CALCHAS"	Liverpool & Dublin	24th June

Scheduled Sailings from Europe		
G. "PYRRIUS"	Sailed	22nd May
S. "TELEMACHUS"	do	30th May
G. "CALCHAS"	do	7th June
S. "AUTOMEDON"	do	13th June
G. "TELEPHON"	18th May	22nd June
S. "MENTOR"	24th May	28th June
G. "ALCINOUS"	3rd June	8th July

G. Loading Glasgow, before Liverpool. S. Loading Swansea, before Liverpool. Carriers' option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

DE LA RAMA LINES

ARRIVING FROM U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS.

"DONA NATI"	29th May
"BENARES"	22nd June
SAILING FOR NEW YORK, via SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES & CRISTOBAL.	
"BATAAN"	19th May
"VESSEL"	20th June
"DONA NATI"	5th July

Accept cargo for Kingston and to Central & South American ports on through bills of lading.

Callaghan Pacific Airways Ltd.

Route	Departs Hongkong	Arrives H.K. (on return)
HK/Hongkong/Singapore	(DC-4) 7:00 a.m. Tue. Fri. 11:15 a.m. Wed. Sat.	11:15 a.m. Wed. Sat.
HK/Hanoi/Haiphong	(DC-3) 11:00 a.m. Tue. 3:30 p.m. Wed.	3:30 p.m. Wed.
HK/Singapore	(DC-4) 11:30 a.m. Wed. 4:45 p.m. Thu.	4:45 p.m. Thu.
HK/Manila/B.N. Borneo	(DC-3) 7:00 a.m. Tue. Fri. 4:45 p.m. Wed. Sat.	4:45 p.m. Wed. Sat.

All the above subject to Alteration without notice. For passage and Freight Particulars please apply to

I CONNAUGHT RD. C. Tel: 30331/8

BRANCH OFFICE: 50, Connaught Rd. West, 25875-32144-24878

BEN LINE

ARRIVALS

FROM	DUE
"BENVENUE"	U.K. 18th May
"BENRECH"	U.K. via Singapore 18th May
"BENALANACH"	U.K. via Singapore on or abt. 18th May
"BENRECH"	U.K. 17th May
"BENRECH"	U.K. 18th June
"BENRECH"	U.K. 18th June
"BENRECH"	U.K. 18th June
"BENRECH"	U.K. 18th June
"BENRECH"	U.K. 18th June

SAILINGS

FROM	DUE
"BENVENUE"	17th May
"BENRECH"	21st May
"BENRECH"	25th May
"BENRECH"	11th June
"BENRECH"	20th June
"BENRECH"	21st June
"BENRECH"	10th July
"BENRECH"	18th July

8 Calls Manila, 8 Calls Cebu, Taiwan and Hongkong. All vessels accept cargo for Aden, Suez and Port Said.

W. R. LOXLEY & CO., (CHINA) LTD.

York Building Agents Telephone 34165

CHINA MAIL

HONGKONG PUBLISHED DAILY (AFTERNOONS) Price, 20 cents per copy. Subscription: \$5.00 per month. Postage: China and Macao \$2.00 per month. U.K. British Possessions and other countries \$1.00 per month. News contributions, always welcome, should be addressed to the Editor, business communications and advertisements to the Secretary. Telephone: 2611 (5 lines). Kowloon Office: Salisbury Road, Telephone: 5133.

Classified Advertisements

20 WORDS \$4.00 for 1 DAY PREPAID

ADDITIONAL INSERTIONS \$1.50 PER DAY

10 cents PER WORD OVER 20

Births, Deaths, Marriages, Personal \$5.00 per insertion

not exceeding 25 words, 25 cents each additional word

ALTERNATE INSERTIONS 10% EXTRA

If not prepaid a booking fee of 50 cents is charged.

FOUND

ONE PAIR of sun glasses on S. C. M. Post counter, Kowloon office. Apply Kowloon Office, "S. C. M. Post."

PHOTOGRAPHY

BELL & HOWELL 16 mm sound projector, 12" speaker, model G21, \$250 only. Jones & Co. photo suppliers, 88 Nathan Road, Kowloon.

FOR SALE

YE OLDE MILL A distinctive hand-made stationary, 12" speaker, model G21, \$250 only. Jones & Co. photo suppliers, 88 Nathan Road, Kowloon.

THE "POST" TYPHOON MAP incorporating amendments to the local and Non-Local Storm Signal Codes. Mounted \$3.00. Unmounted \$2.00. Obtainable from "S. C. M. Post."

ANIMAL WRITING PADS \$2 Scribbling Pads, three sizes, 20, 30 cents and \$1.00 "S. C. M. Post."

THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE

1933 Annual Return Form are on sale at "S. C. M. Post."

Special Abroadments and Classified Advertisements as usual.

MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

"A GAS APPEARED FROM NOWHERE--SLEEPING GAS I THINK--A KIND UNKNOWN TO US. THEN--THE CASE APPEARED."

TELL THE INQUIRY BOARD WHAT YOU SAW IN THE VAULT, WEARING A GAS MASK.

I WAS ALONE IN THE VAULT, WEARING A GAS MASK.

THE CASE APPEARED FROM NOWHERE--A MAN AND WOMAN WERE INSIDE. THEY STEPPED OUT, STOLE TWELVE URANIUM BARS--

THEN VANISHED INSIDE THEIR CASE, INTO NOWHERE?

YOU EXPECT US TO BELIEVE THAT NONSENSE?

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

CORONATION POEM COMPETITION

Organised by the Sino-British Club Literary Group.

1st Prize: China Mail Challenge Cup and \$100 in cash

2nd Prize: \$50

3rd Prize: \$25

OPEN TO ALL

Maximum length of poem 80 lines, on a subject related to the Coronation of Queen Elizabeth II, in any verse form.

Entries which close May 31, 1953, should be sent to Hon. Sec. Sino-British Club Literary Group, British Council, Gloucester Building.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

Consignees for NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

is "HEIYO MARU"

are hereby notified that their cargo is being discharged into the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company, where it will be at consignee's risk and subject to the Wharf's terms and condition of storage, and where delivery may be obtained.

Damaged packages are to be left in the godowns for examination by Consignees and the Company's surveyors, Messrs. Goddard & Douglas at 10 a.m. on the 14th May, 1953.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriters on or before the 22nd May, 1953, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

DODWELL & CO., LTD. Agents.

Hongkong, 11th May, 1953.

TO ADVERTISERS

SUNDAY POST-HERALD Space for commercial advertising should be booked not later than noon on Wednesday.

For the SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST and the CHINA MAIL, 45 hours before date of publication.

Special Abroadments and Classified Advertisements as usual.

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

6,000 From Colonies Will Watch

London, May 14. Six thousand visitors from the Colonies will watch the Coronation procession from stands along the route.

In addition, over 100 official representatives from the Colonies will be present in Westminster Abbey during the Coronation ceremony, and 800 Colonial Servicemen will take part in the procession.

Colonial spectators will be accommodated in special stands on the site of the new Colonial Office facing Westminster Abbey, in The Mall, on the route from Buckingham Palace to the Abbey, and in Hyde Park, London Express Service.

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

Trying Conditions In The Post-War Years For Banking

Effort To Regain Textile Markets

Bombay, May 14. Indian textile mills are making a determined effort to regain the export markets which they have been losing steadily to Japan during the post-war years.

Immediately after the war, Indian exports of textiles soared because Japan was out of the market. But with the rehabilitation of Japanese industry, Indian textiles priced themselves out of the market.

The main troubles are the high cost of Indian textiles and uncompetitive working mills due to obsolete equipment.

Recently, Mr. G. D. Somani, outgoing President of the Bombay Mill Owners Association, warned that mills would have to be rehabilitated and estimated that it would take almost \$2,000,000 to accomplish.

During the past fortnight, Bombay mills have announced that a programme of rehabilitation is under way.

Mr. A. D. Shroff, who recently visited Japan and who is Chairman of the Svaldeshi Mills Ltd., announced that his mill has already received and installed about 200 automatic looms out of 500 that the mill has ordered.

The company hopes to install the remaining 300 by the end of this year.

Mr. Shroff said that although some unemployment could be expected because of more efficiency, in the long run cheaper cloth and more economic production would lead to more business and more employment.

Textile Mills Limited also announced that a programme is under way in their mills. Mr. N. H. Tata, Chairman of the mills, reported that a large portion of new machinery has already been received from the United Kingdom and that 28 cards have already been installed. The company expects to completely renovate its old spinning department which consisted mostly of worn-out machinery.—United Press.

Japanese Aims In South Asia

Tokyo, May 14. Foreign Minister Katsumi Okazaki said today Japan did not want to force any economic development on the South-east Asian countries.

In a prepared statement he said: "Many things have been said recently in the press about developments in Southeast Asia. Our aim is very simple, we only want quick economic rehabilitation of the Southeast Asian countries because only then can we have a chance to sell our goods and buy the necessary materials from those countries."

"It is however far from our intention to force any economic plan of our own on these countries."

"We shall try to explore whether there are any fields in which we can contribute to our own economic programmes."

Mr. Okazaki further said: "Japan is quite ready to give further consideration to war reparations questions as well."

"We are open to any request from Southeast Asian countries for reparations."

"That means we are ready to negotiate on request."—Reuter.

Rubber Futures In S'pore

Singapore, May 14. Prices of rubber futures closed today as follows:

Number 1 rubber, per lb.	70 1/2
June	70 3/4
July	70 1/2
August	70 1/4
September	69 3/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4
October	69 1/2
November	69 1/4
December	69 1/2
January	69 1/4
February	69 1/2
March	69 1/4
April	69 1/2
May	69 1/4
June	69 1/2
July	69 1/4
August	69 1/2
September	69 1/4

ENGINEERING EQUIPMENT CO., LTD.
H.K. & Shanghai Bank Bldg. Tel. 27789

Established 1845

FRIDAY, MAY 15, 1953.



Sheaffer's
"SNORKEL"